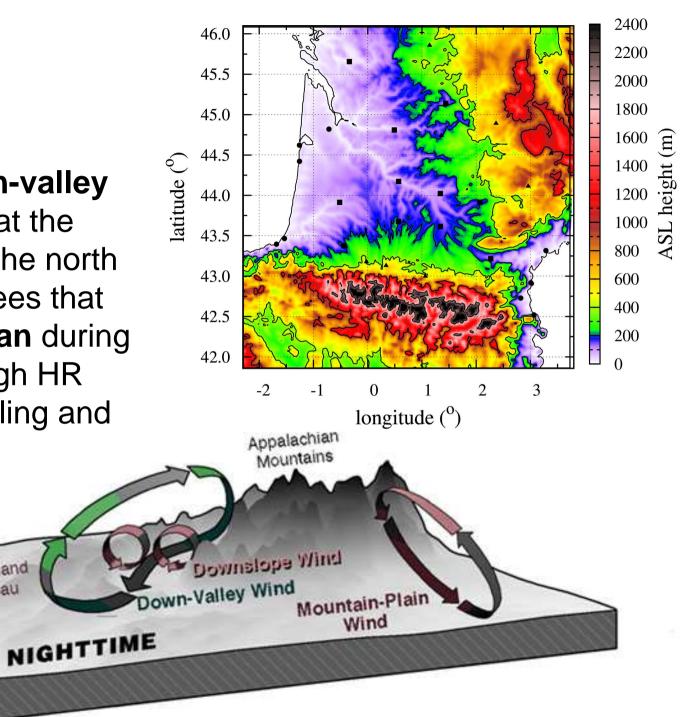
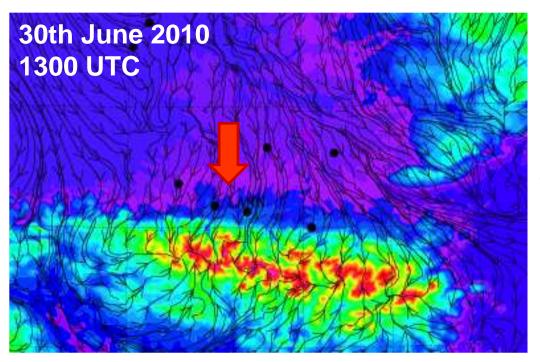


OBJECTIVE

To study the downslope/down-valley winds generated at the slope/valleys in the north side of the Pyrenees that reach Lannemezan during BLLAST'11 through HR mesoscale modelling and observations.

Cumberland



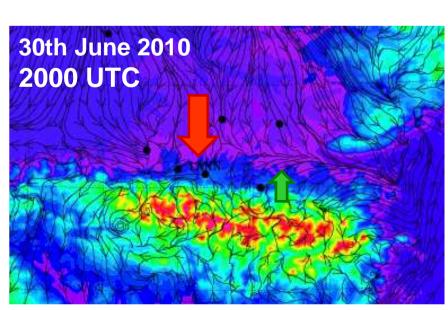


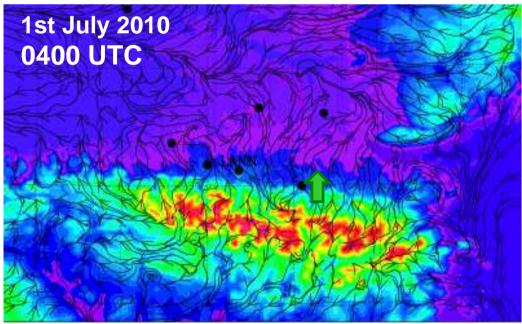
PREVIOUS WORK (PRE-BLLAST)

streamlines at 50 m (a.g.l.)

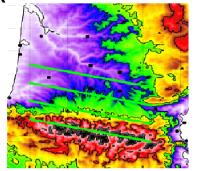
Day: upslope winds

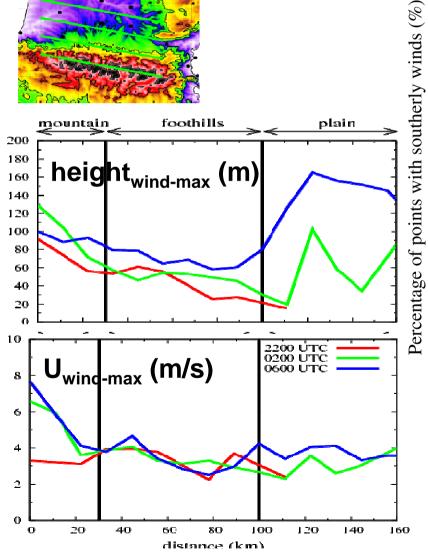
Night: downslope winds

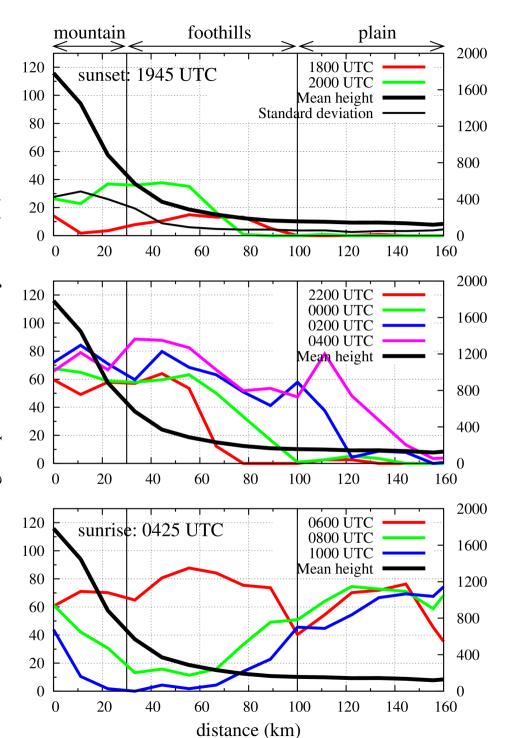




(Jiménez and Cuxart, 2014, AR)







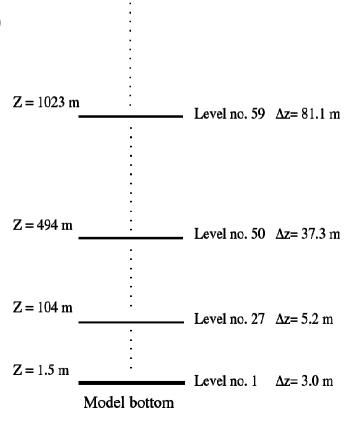
averaged topography (m, ASL)

TOOLS

✓ observations: soundings, AWS, UHF, ...

✓ HR mesoscale modelling

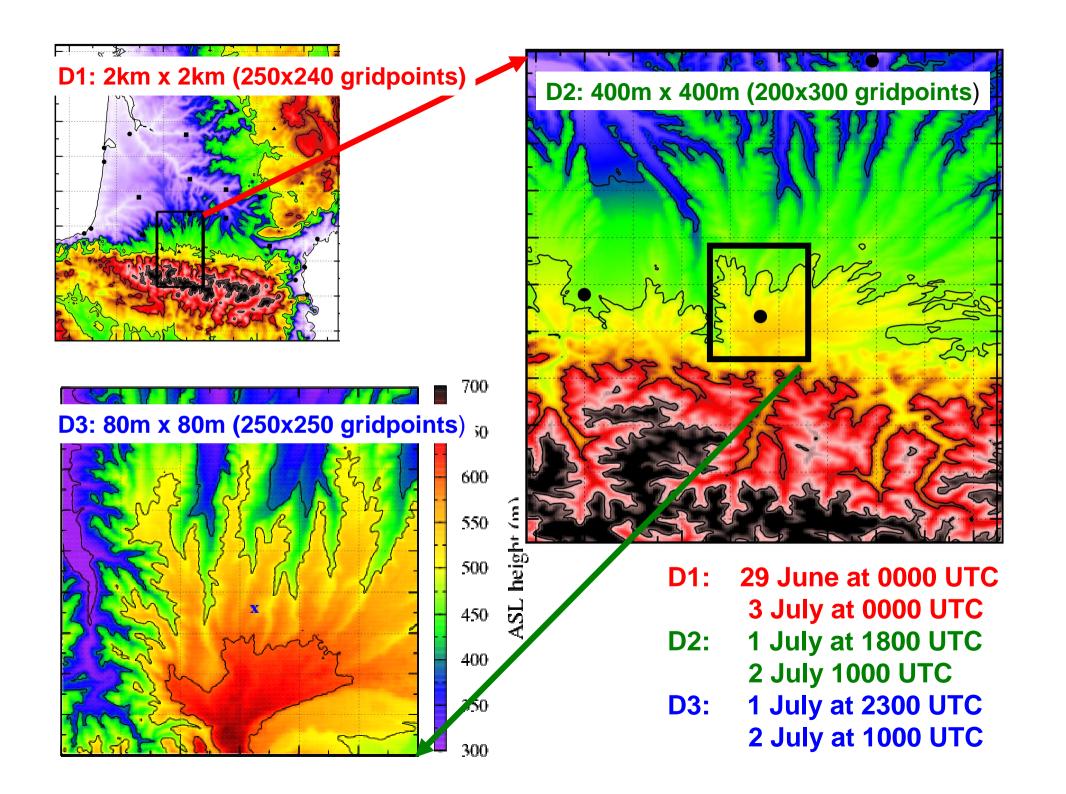
MESONH model
analysis ECMWF (initial and lateral BC)
3 nested domains (2km, 400m, 80m)
runs at ECMWF supercomputer
fine resolution at lower levels
Jiménez and Cuxart (2014, AR)



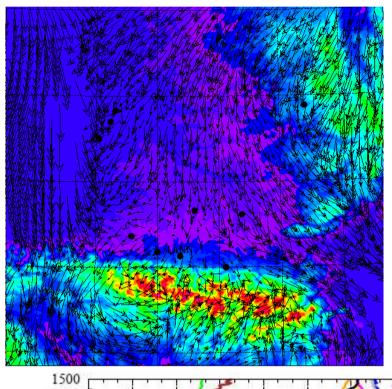
Model top

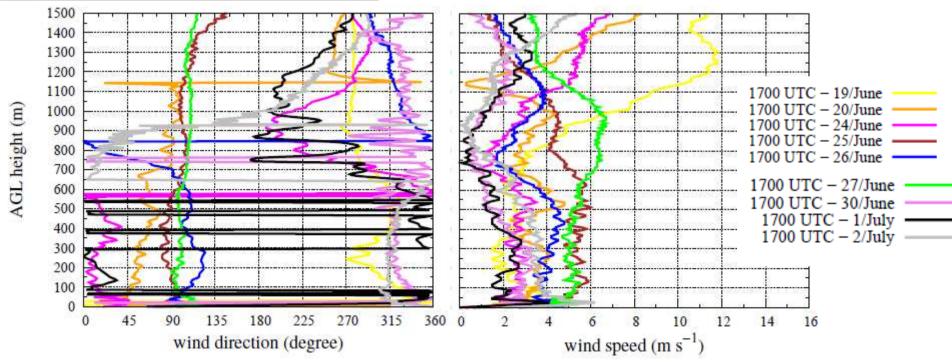
Level no. 85 $\Delta z = 762.1 \text{ m}$

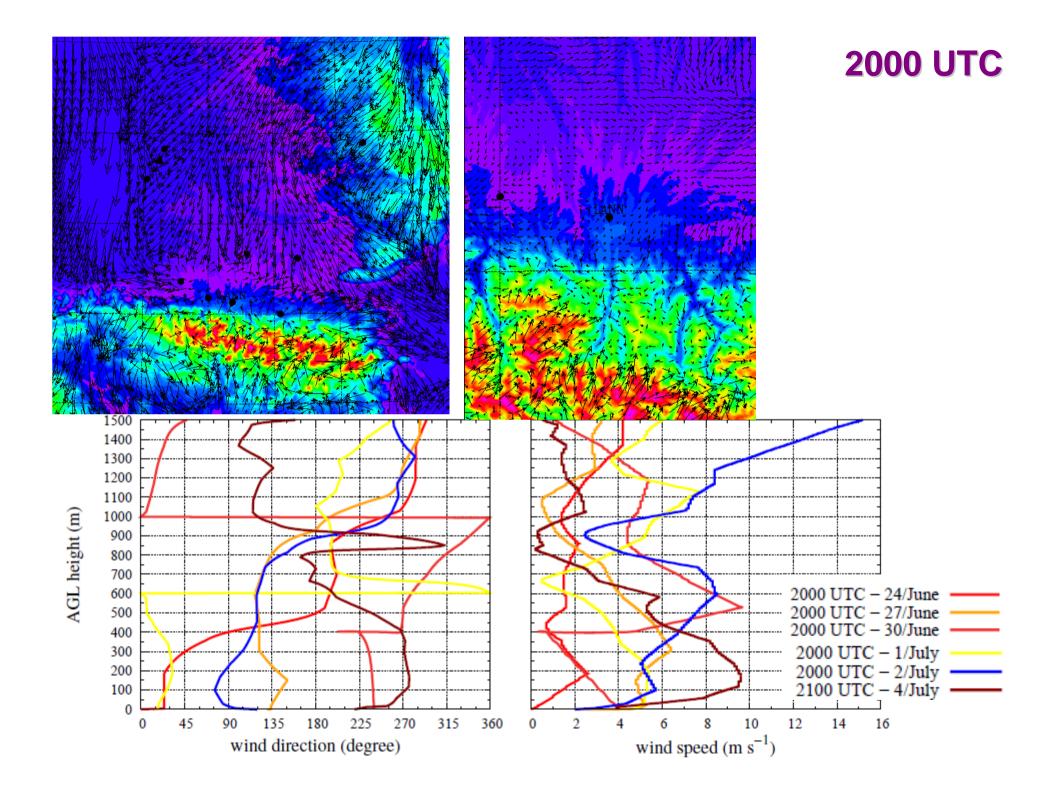
Z = 9271 m

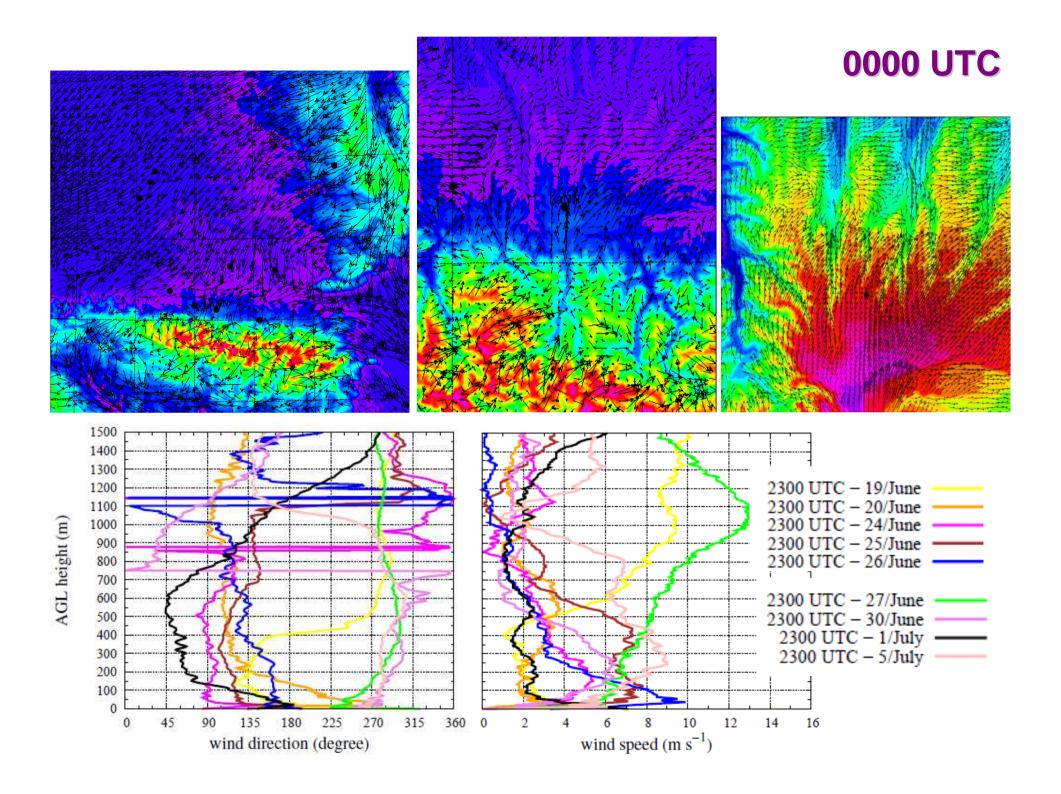


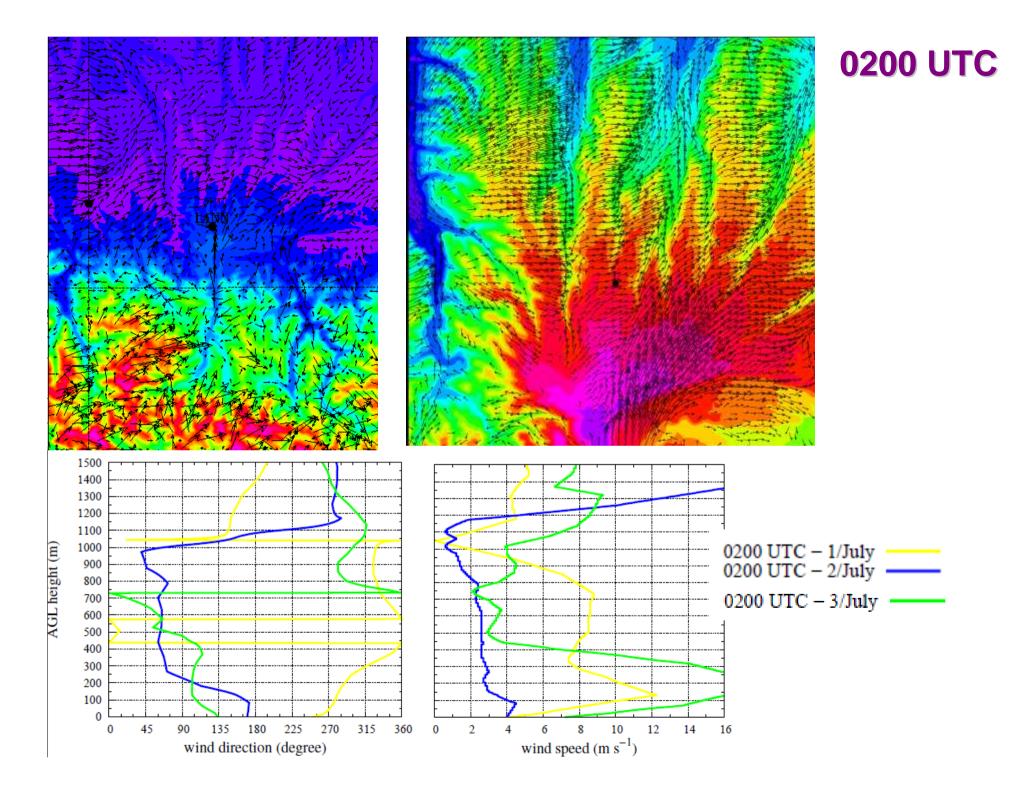
1700 UTC

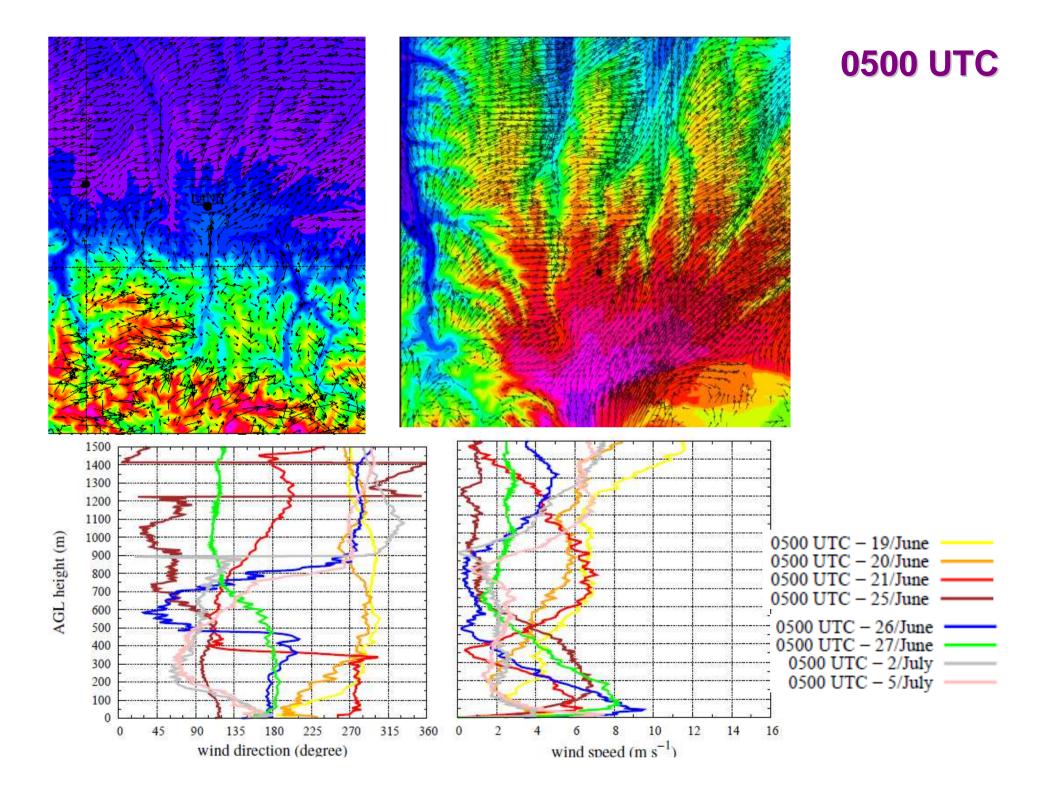


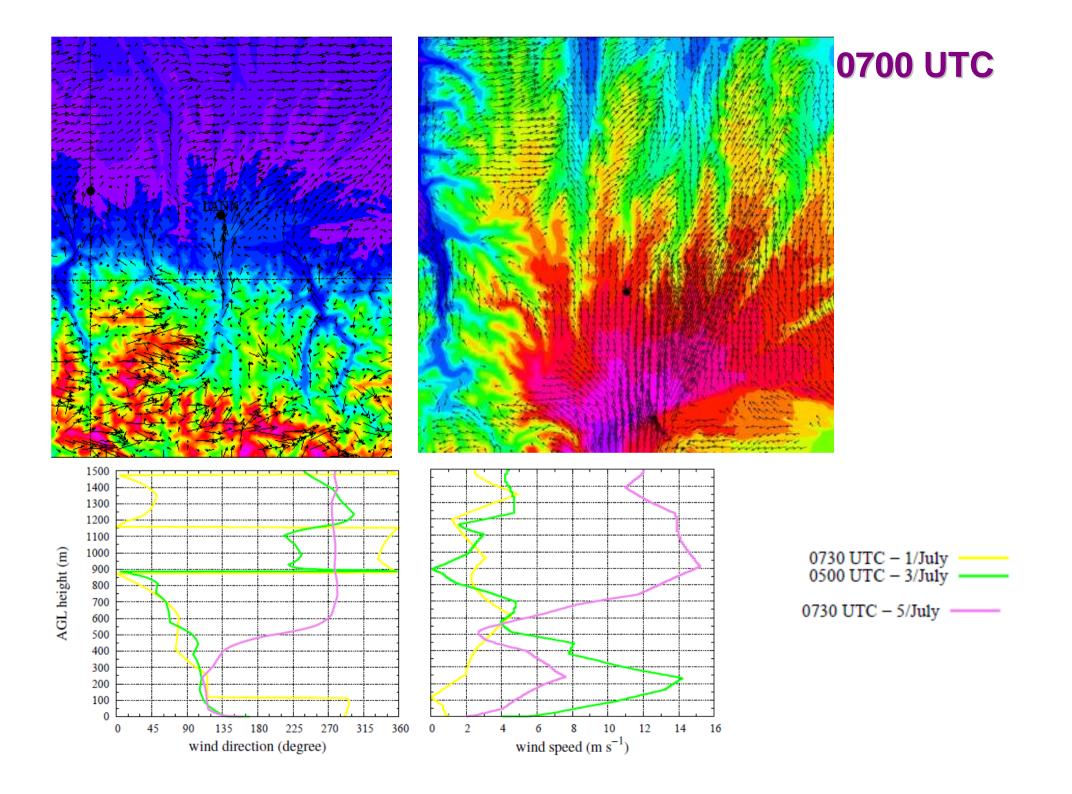


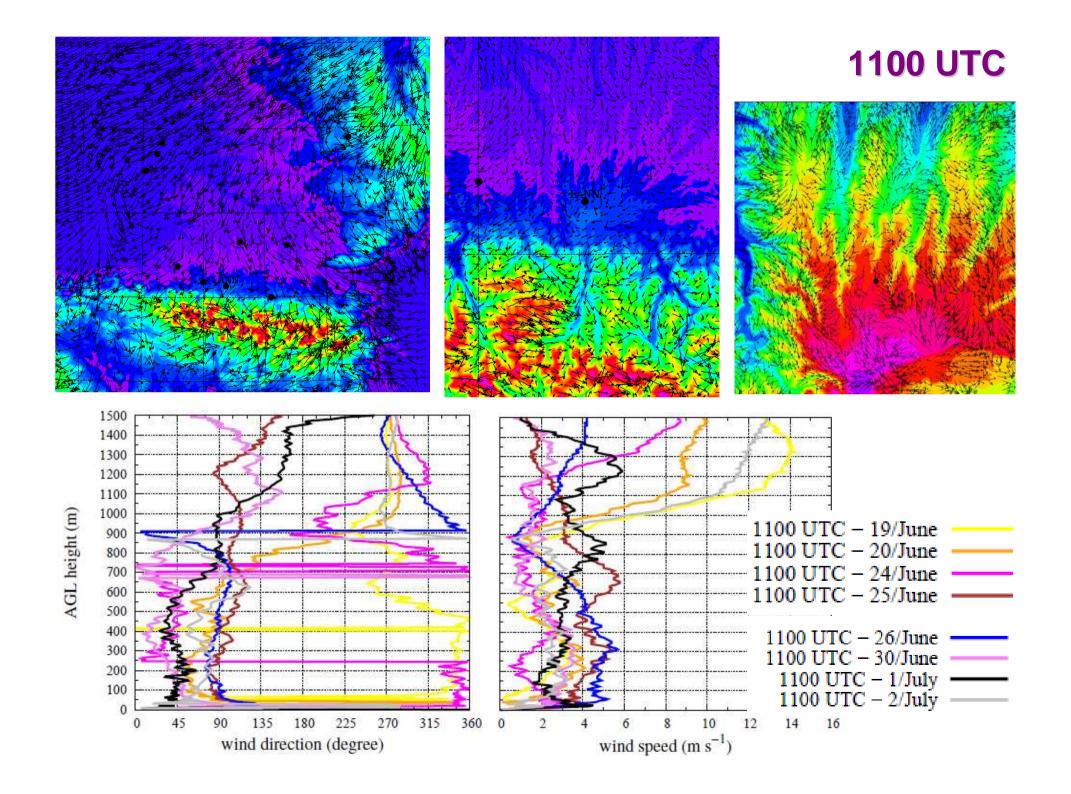












SUMMARY

WIND MAXIMUM	LOW (50m)	HIGH (200m)
WEAK	19-20 June (S)	
(5m/s)	1-2 July (S-SE)	
MODERATE	25-26 June (S)	4-5 July (W-SW)
(9m/s)	26-27 June (S)	
STRONG (16m/s)		2-3 July (E-SE)

Down-valley winds (Aure Valley)

Maximum winds at heights higher than 200m (i.e. 600m) are related to larger-scale (basin or meso scales)

Mountain plain winds Neighbour down-valley winds