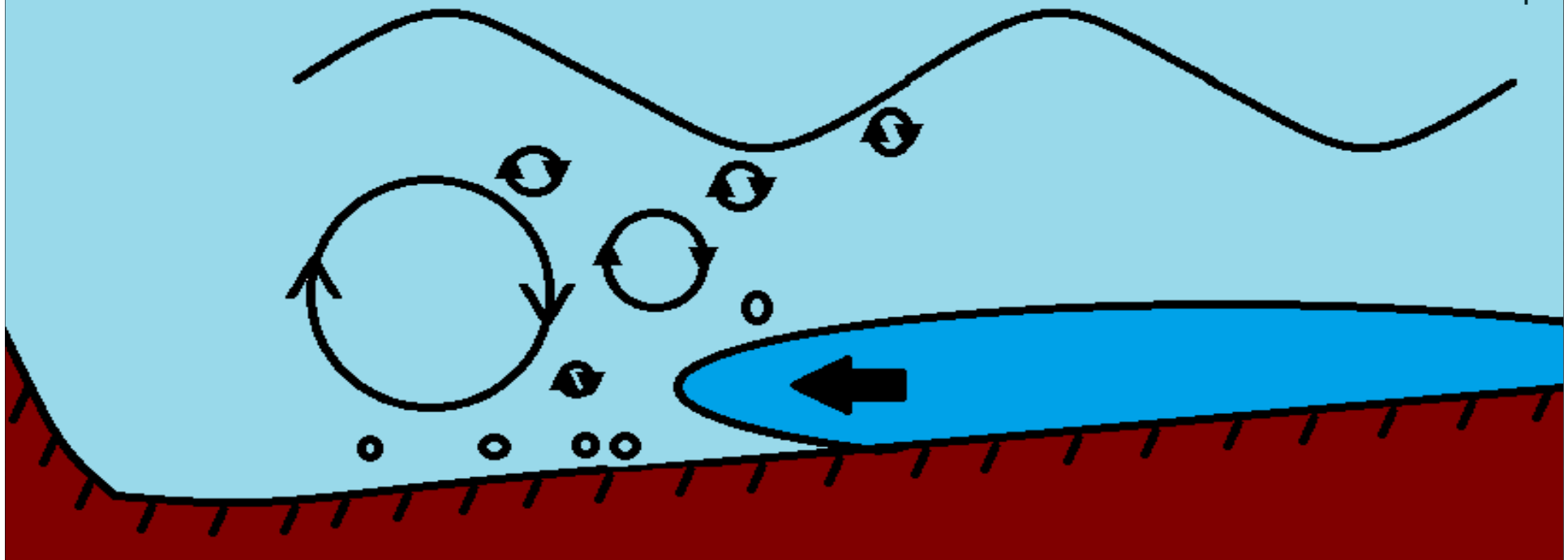




C. Román-Cascón, C. Yagüe, L. Mahrt, M. Sastre,
G-J. Steeneveld, E. Pardyjak, A. van de Boer

INTERACTIONS AMONG DRAINAGE FLOWS, GRAVITY WAVES AND TURBULENCE: 2ND JULY

INTRODUCTION & MOTIVATION

× 2nd July (IOP 10) → Special transition

- Shallow drainage flows
- Katabatic winds
- Gravity waves

} Interaction with
TURBULENCE

OUTLINE

× General Analysis (**DRAINAGE FLOWS**)

× **GRAVITY WAVES**

× **Surface Fluxes**

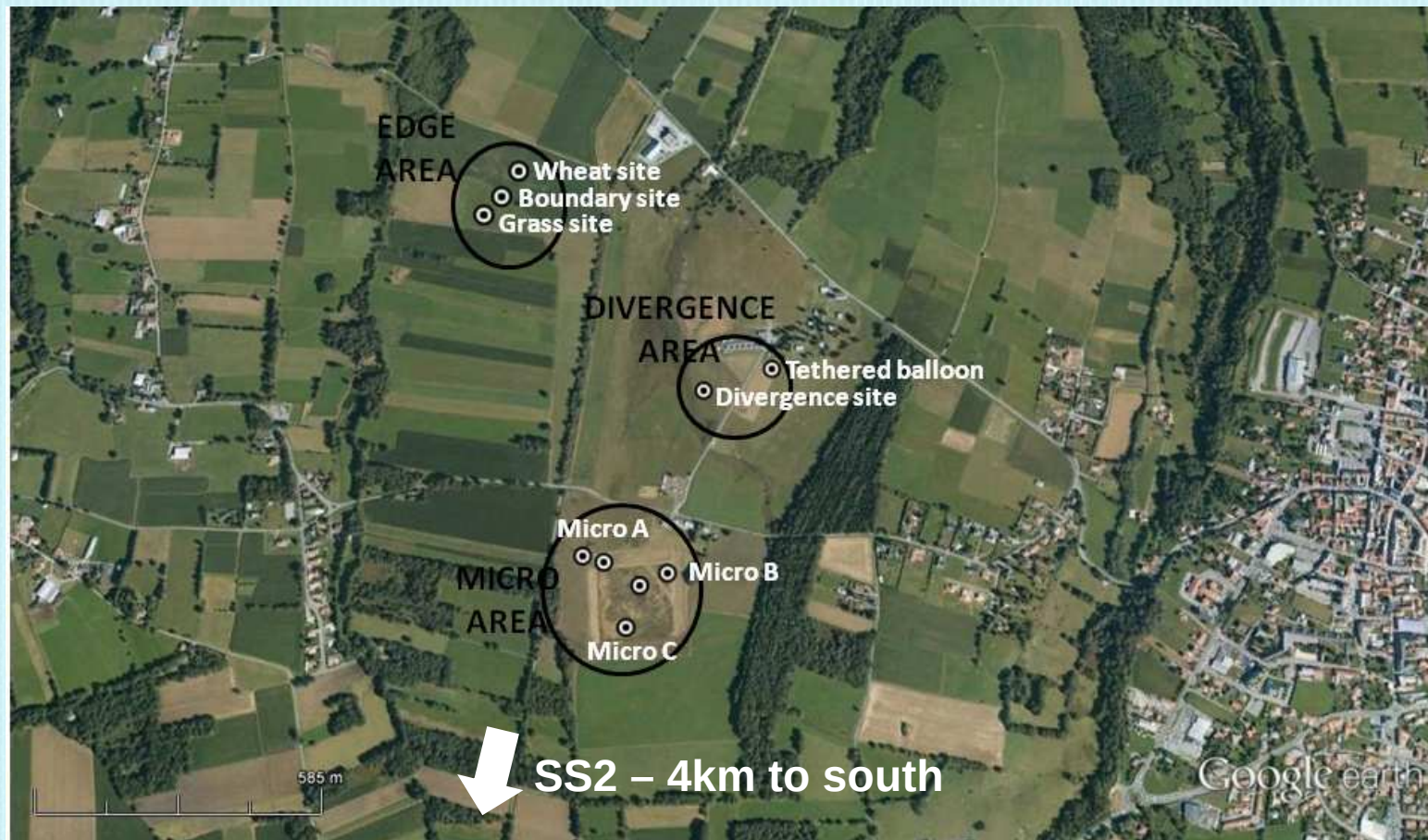
HEIGHTS differences

SITES differences

➡ (MRFD
)

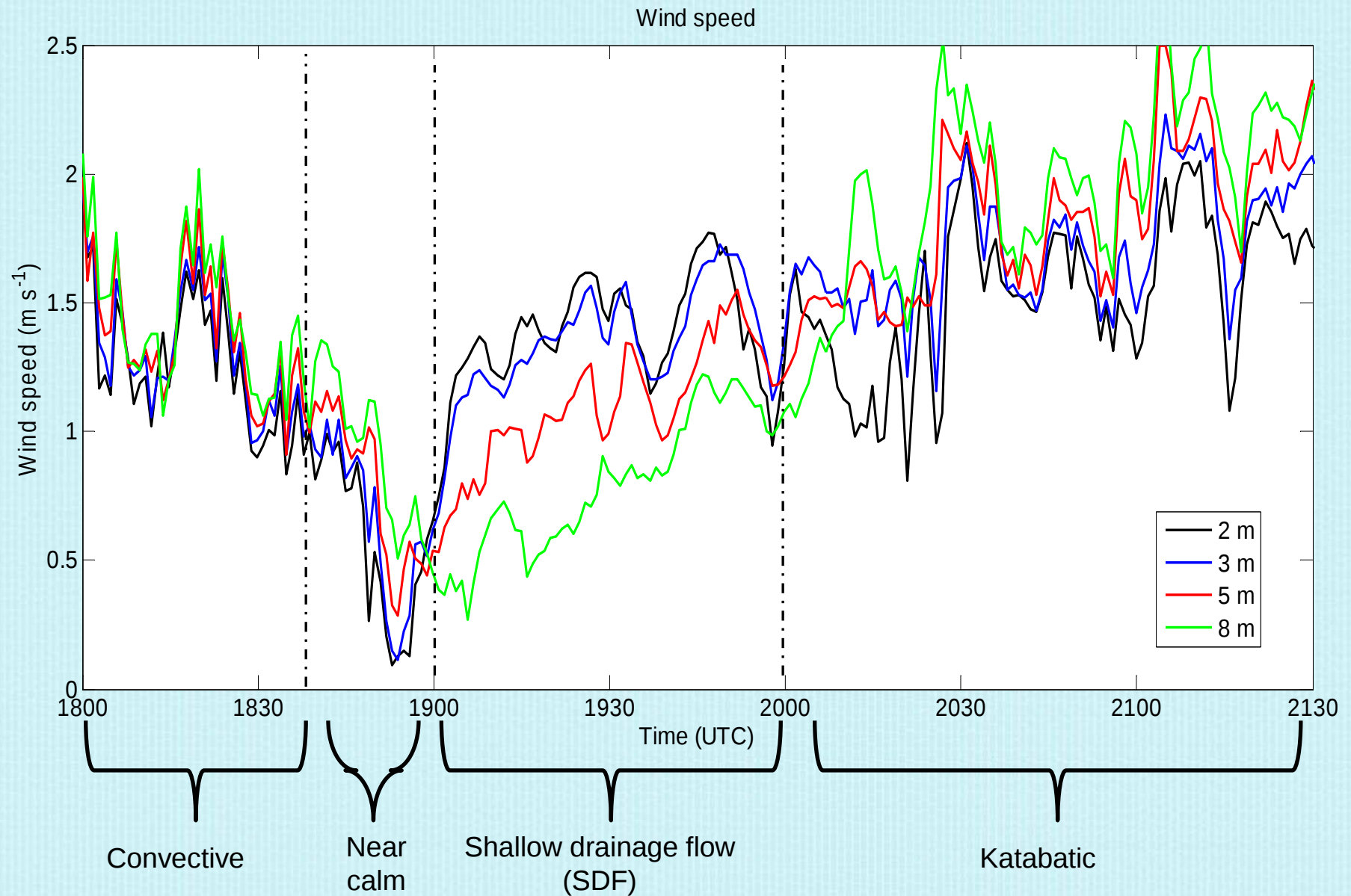
GENERAL ANALYSIS

SITES

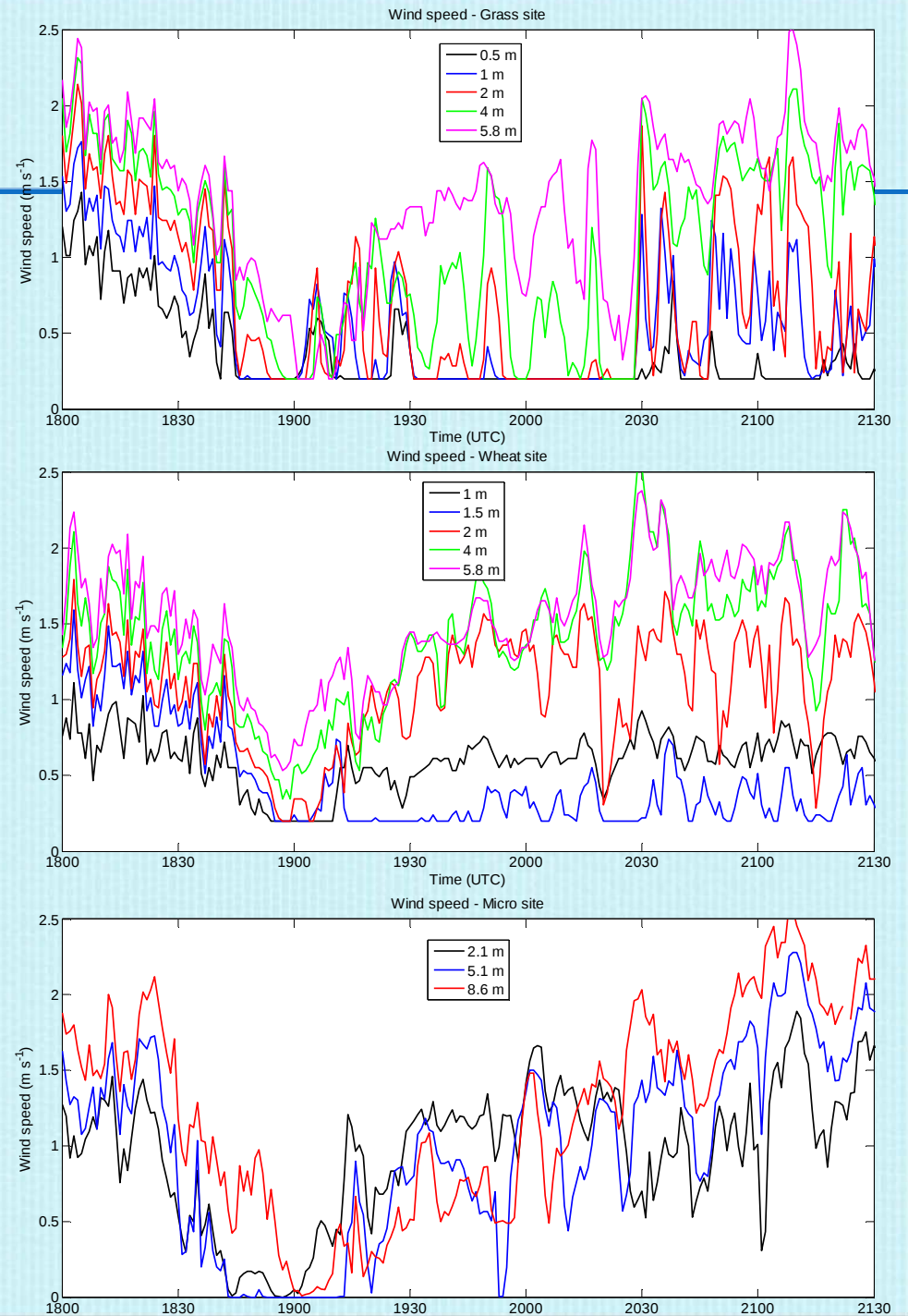


GENERAL ANALYSIS

WIND SPEED



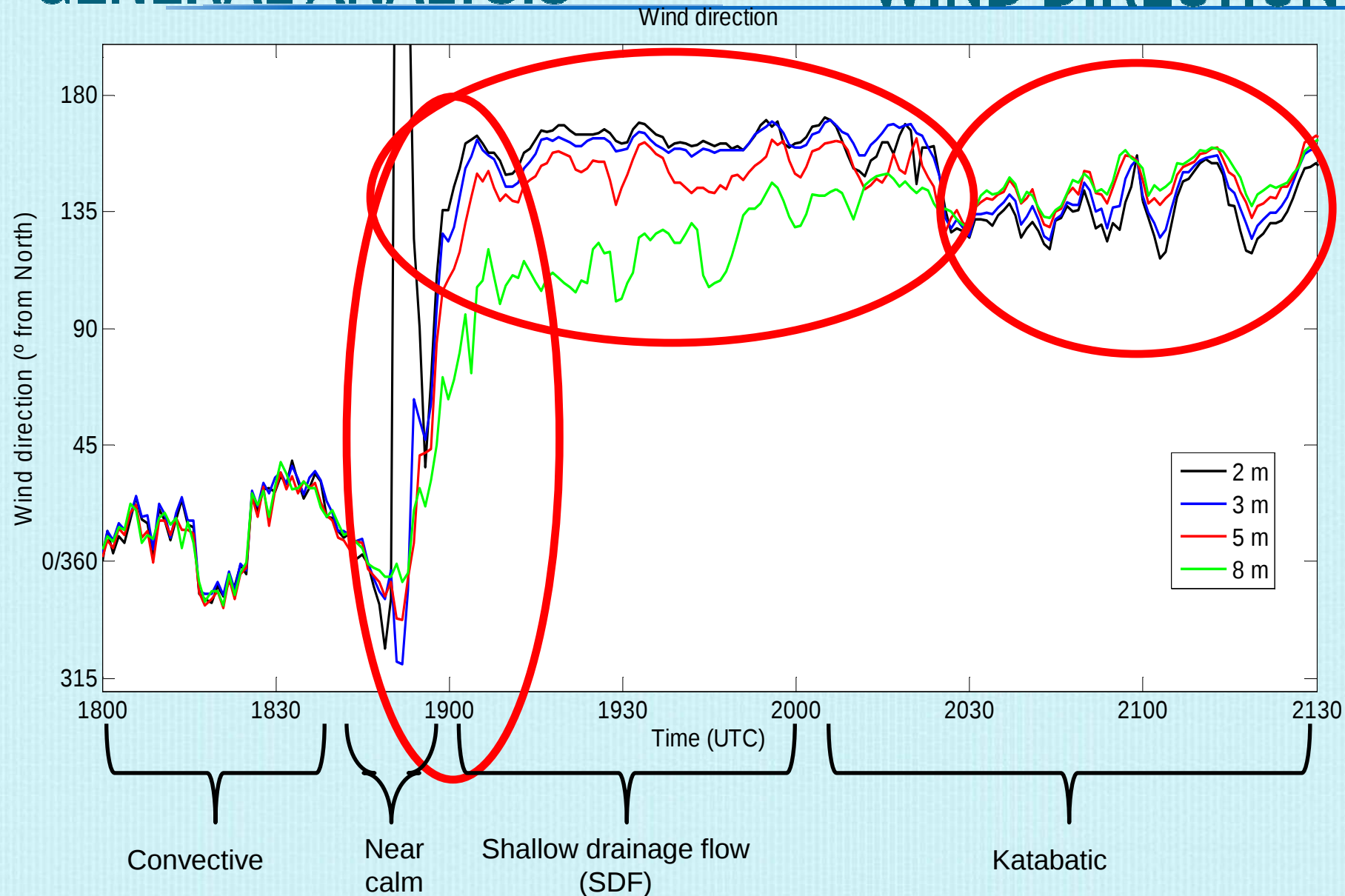
SDF AT DIFFERENT SITES



Secondary slide

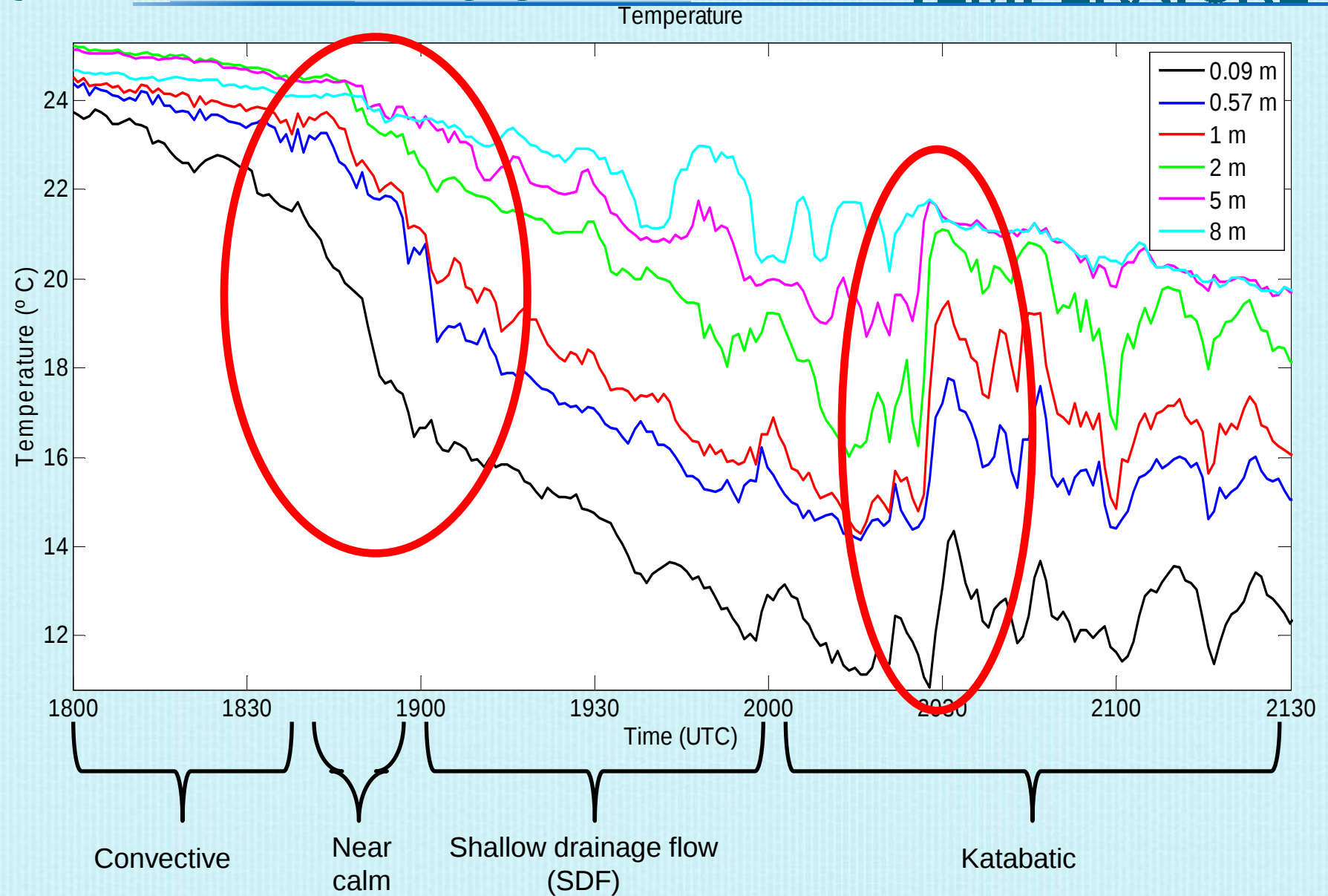
GENERAL ANALYSIS

WIND DIRECTION



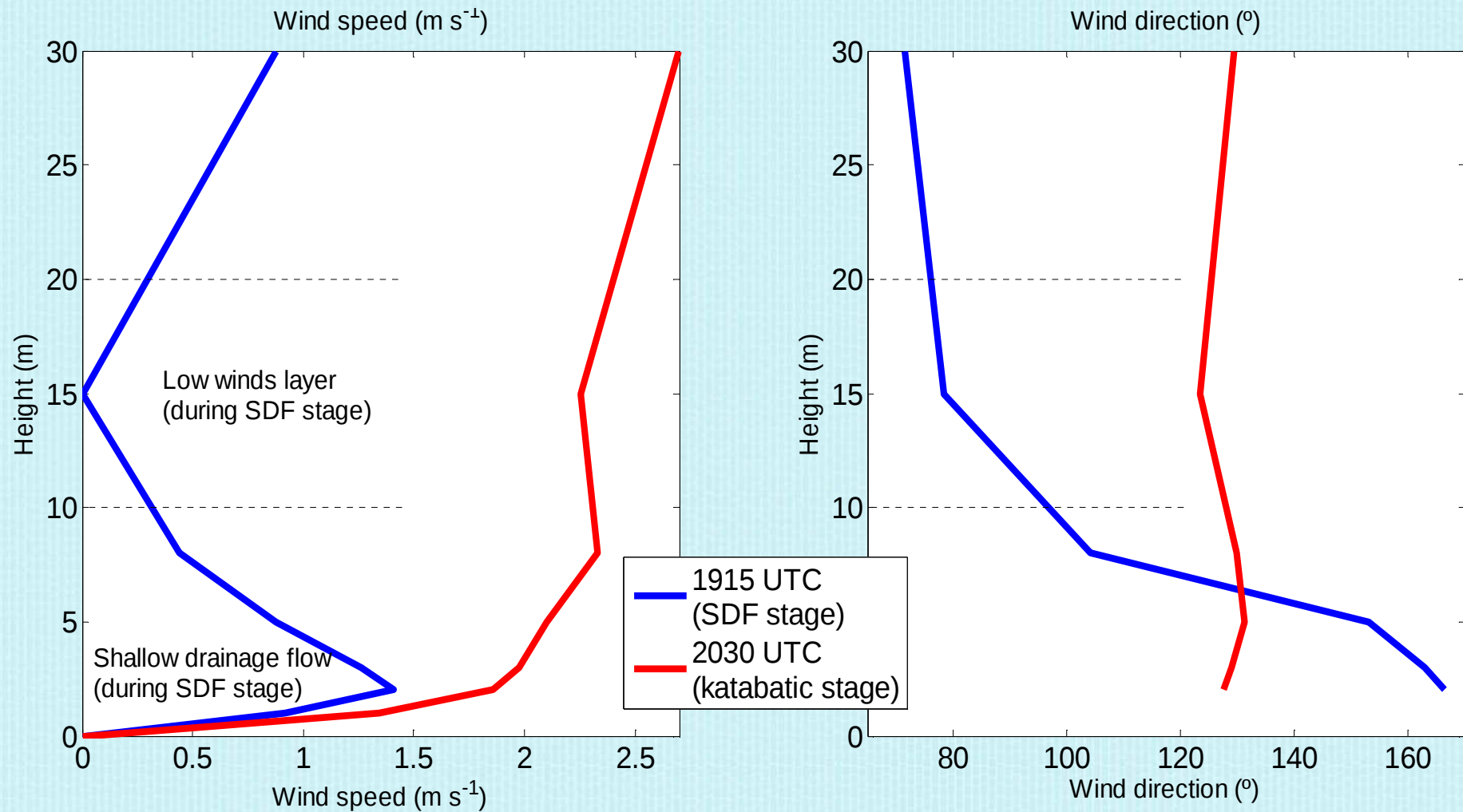
GENERAL ANALYSIS

TEMPERATURE



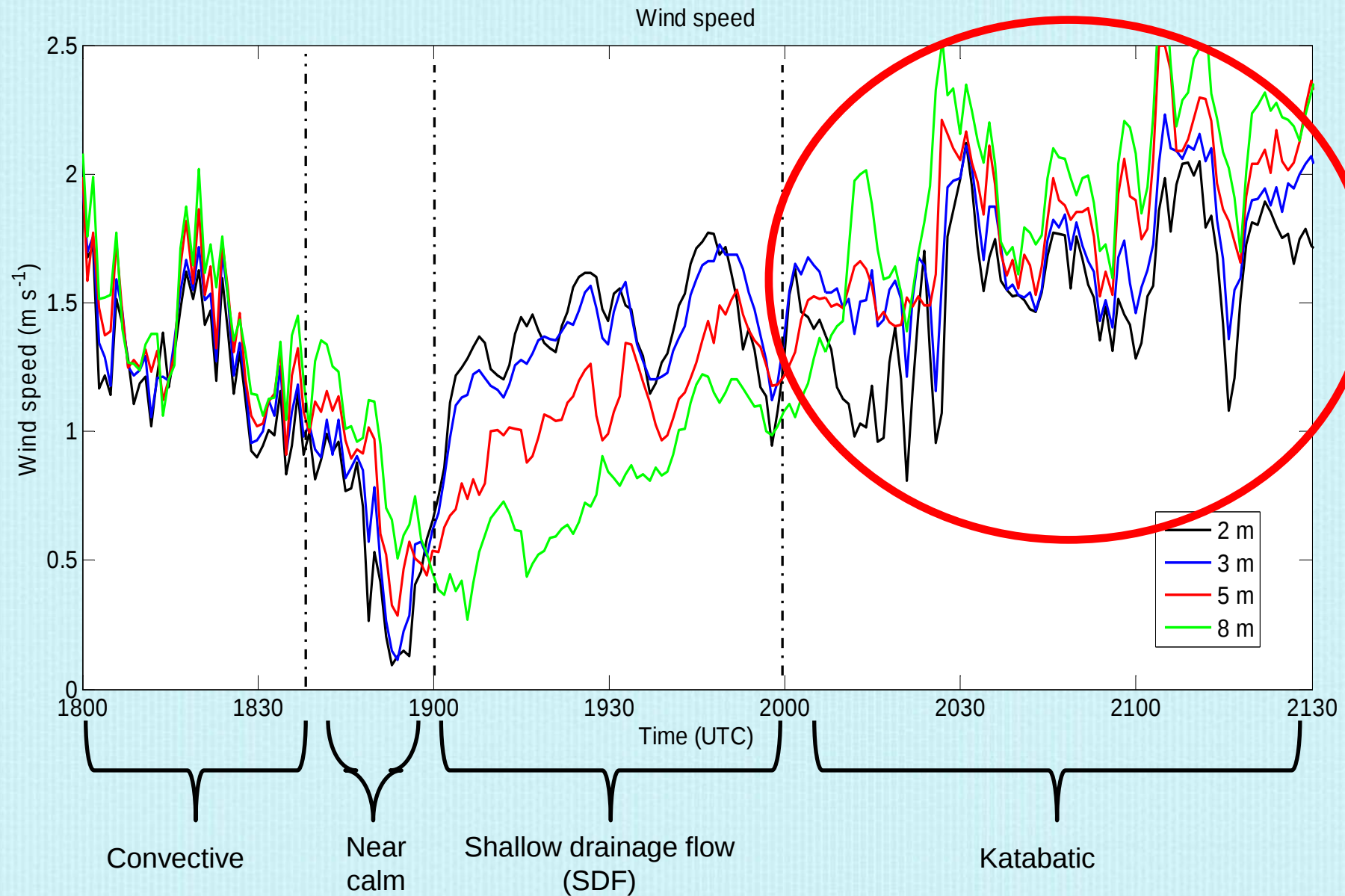
GENERAL ANALYSIS

SDF & KATABATIC



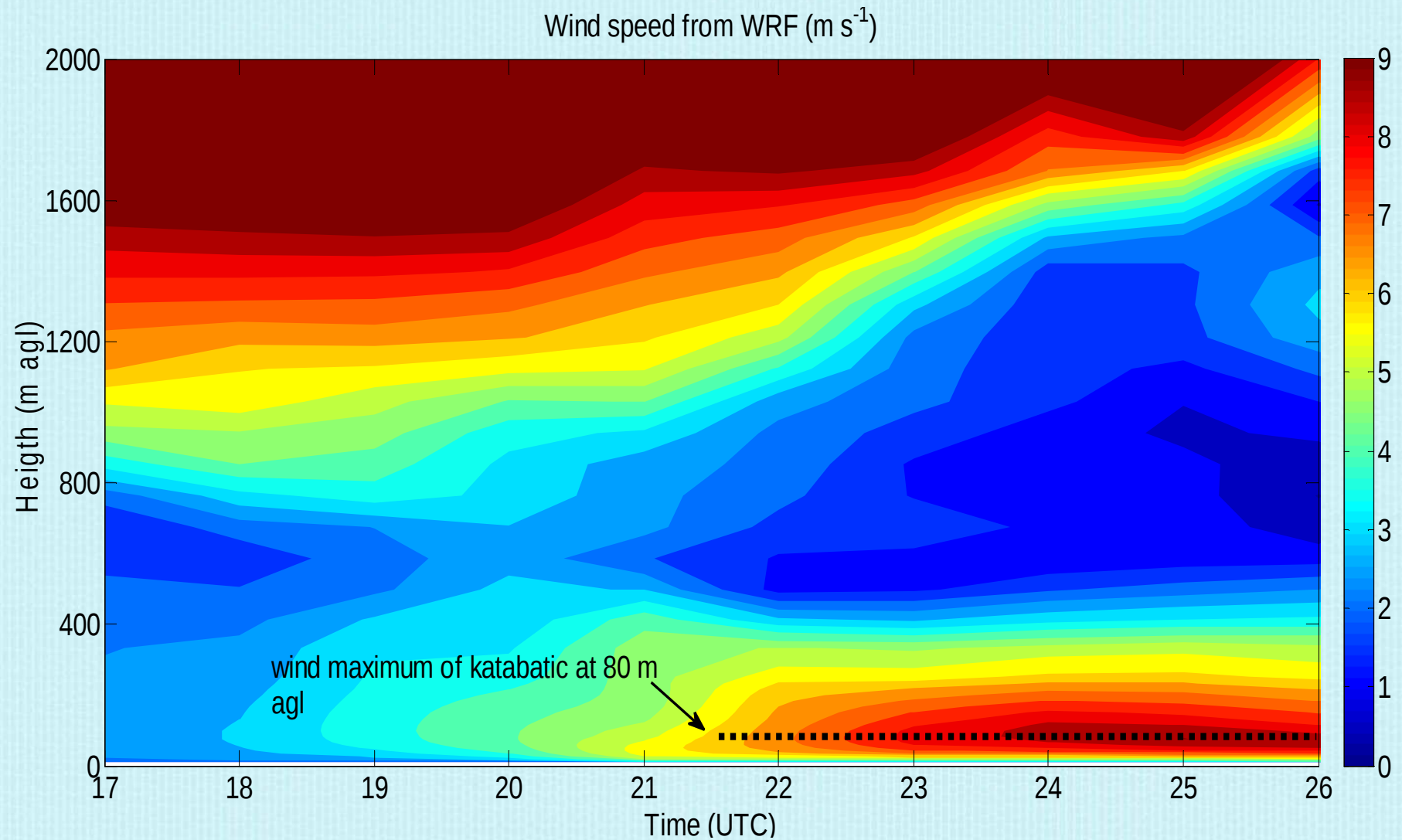
GENERAL ANALYSIS

WIND SPEED



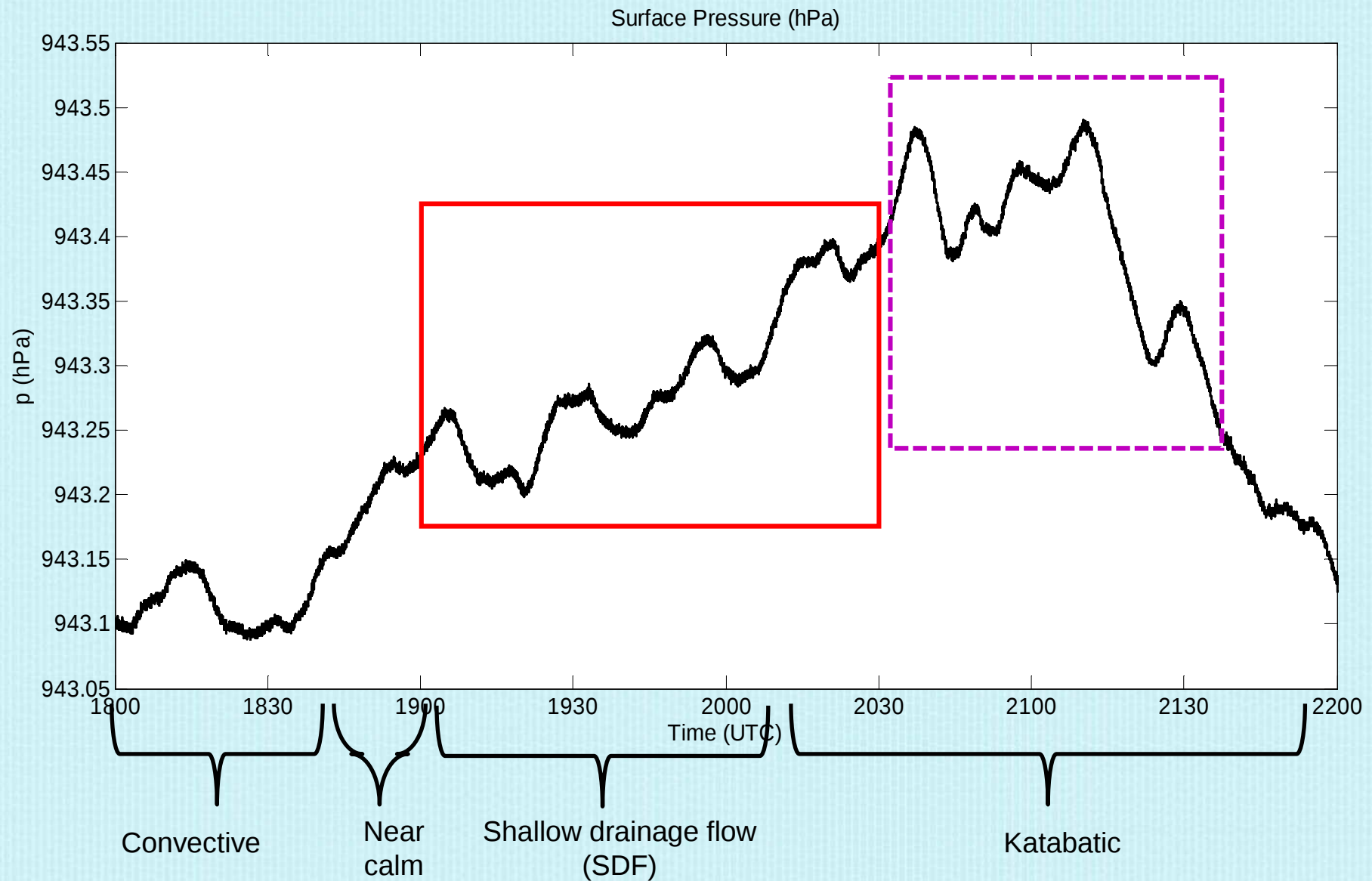
GENERAL ANALYSIS

WIND SPEED KATABATIC (WRF)



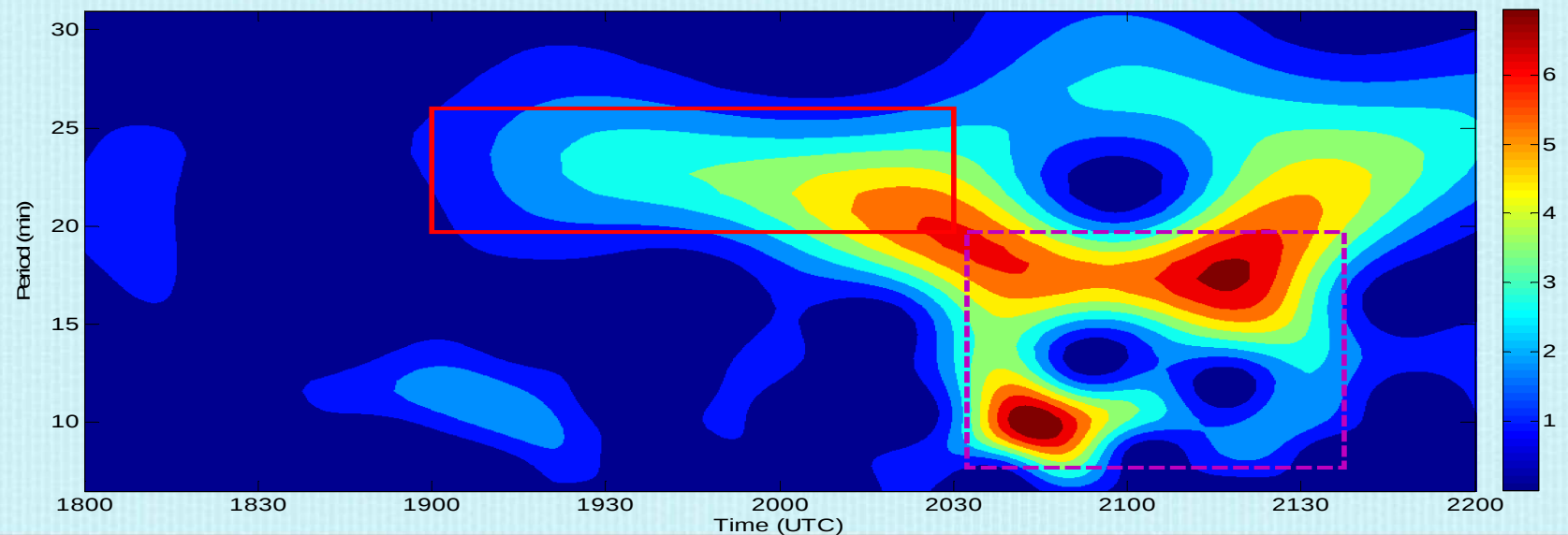
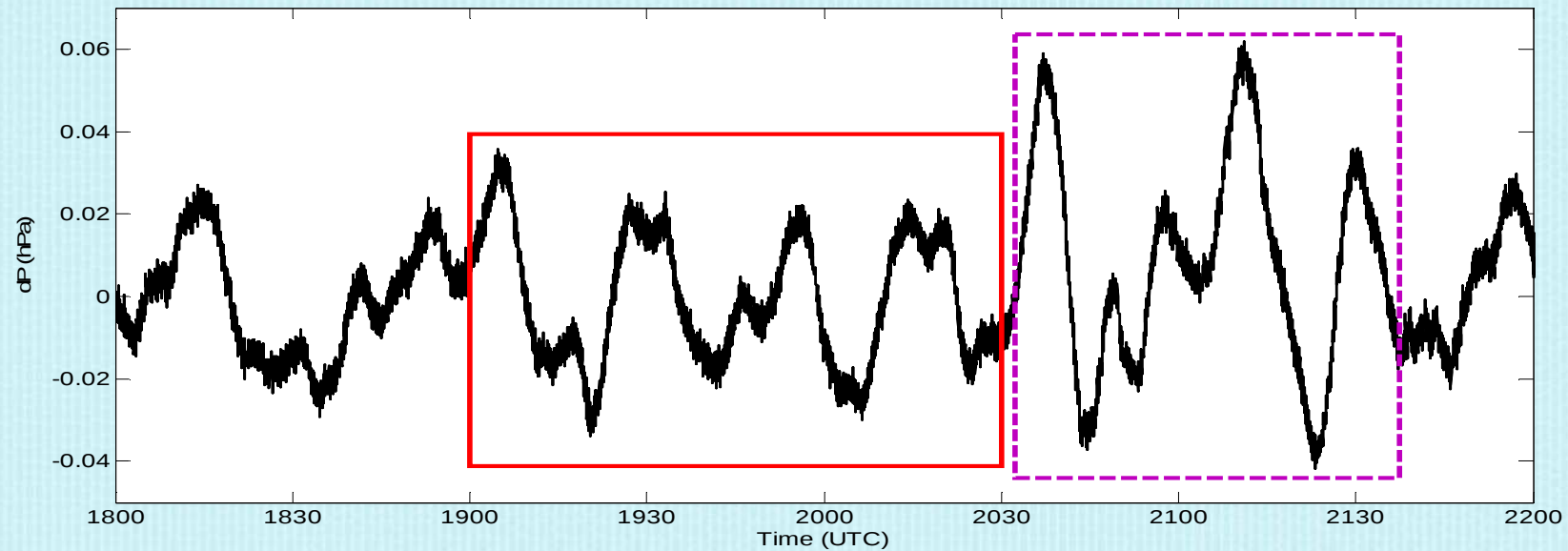
GRAVITY WAVES

SFC PRESSURE



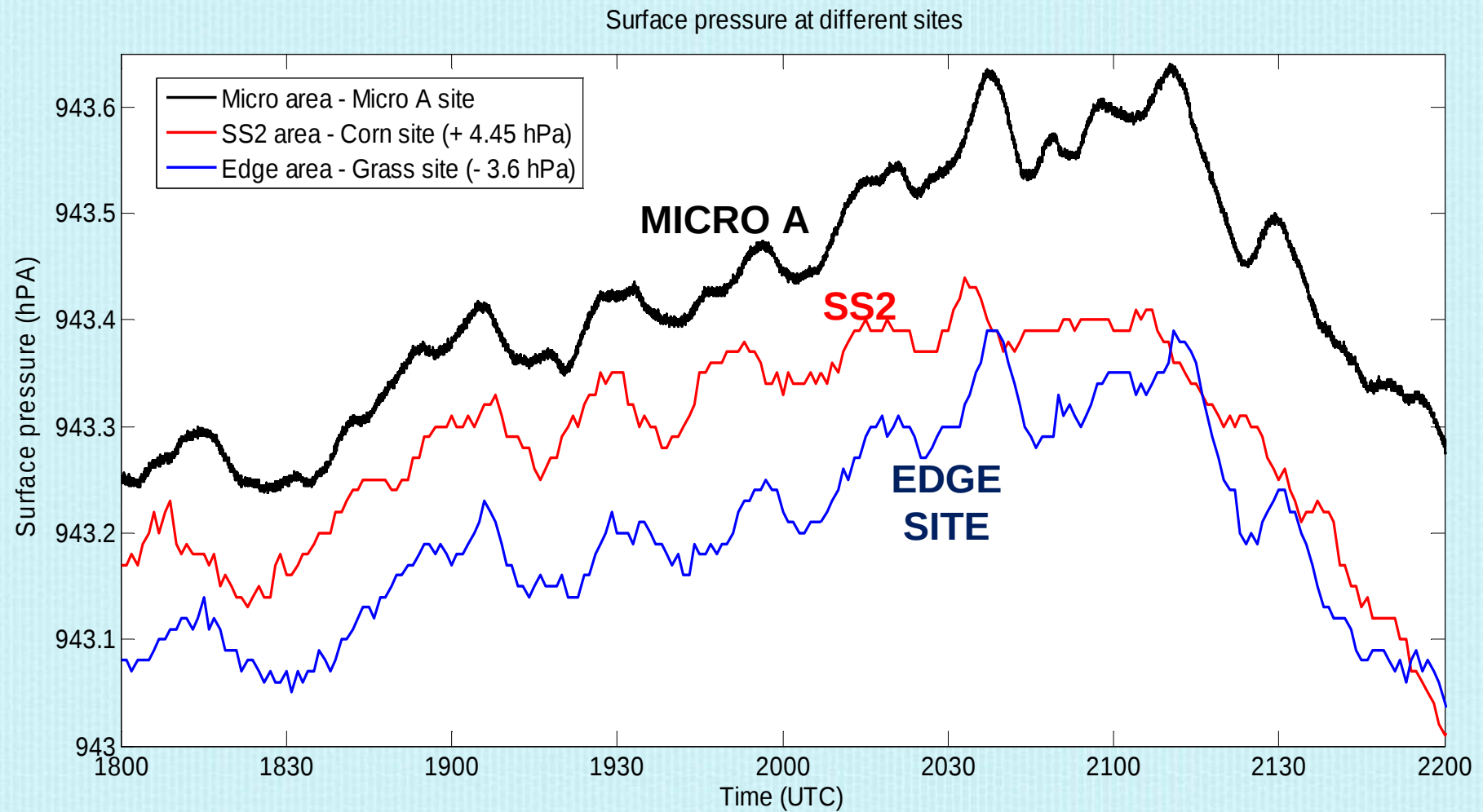
GRAVITY WAVES

FILT PRESSURE & WAVELET



GRAVITY WAVES

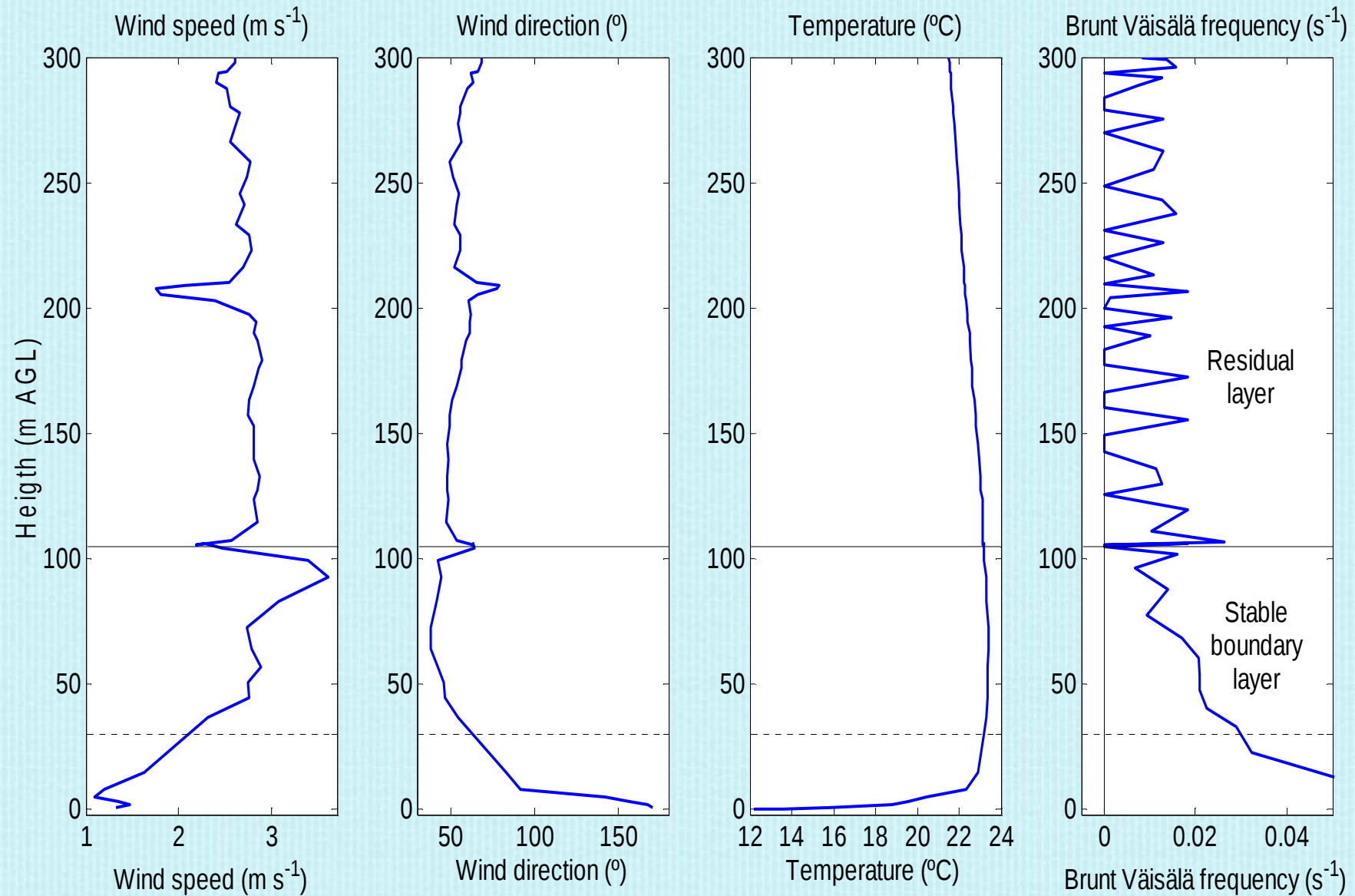
SURFACE PRESSURE AT OTHER LOCATIONS



(from tethered balloon at CRA and tower measurements)

GRAVITY WAVES

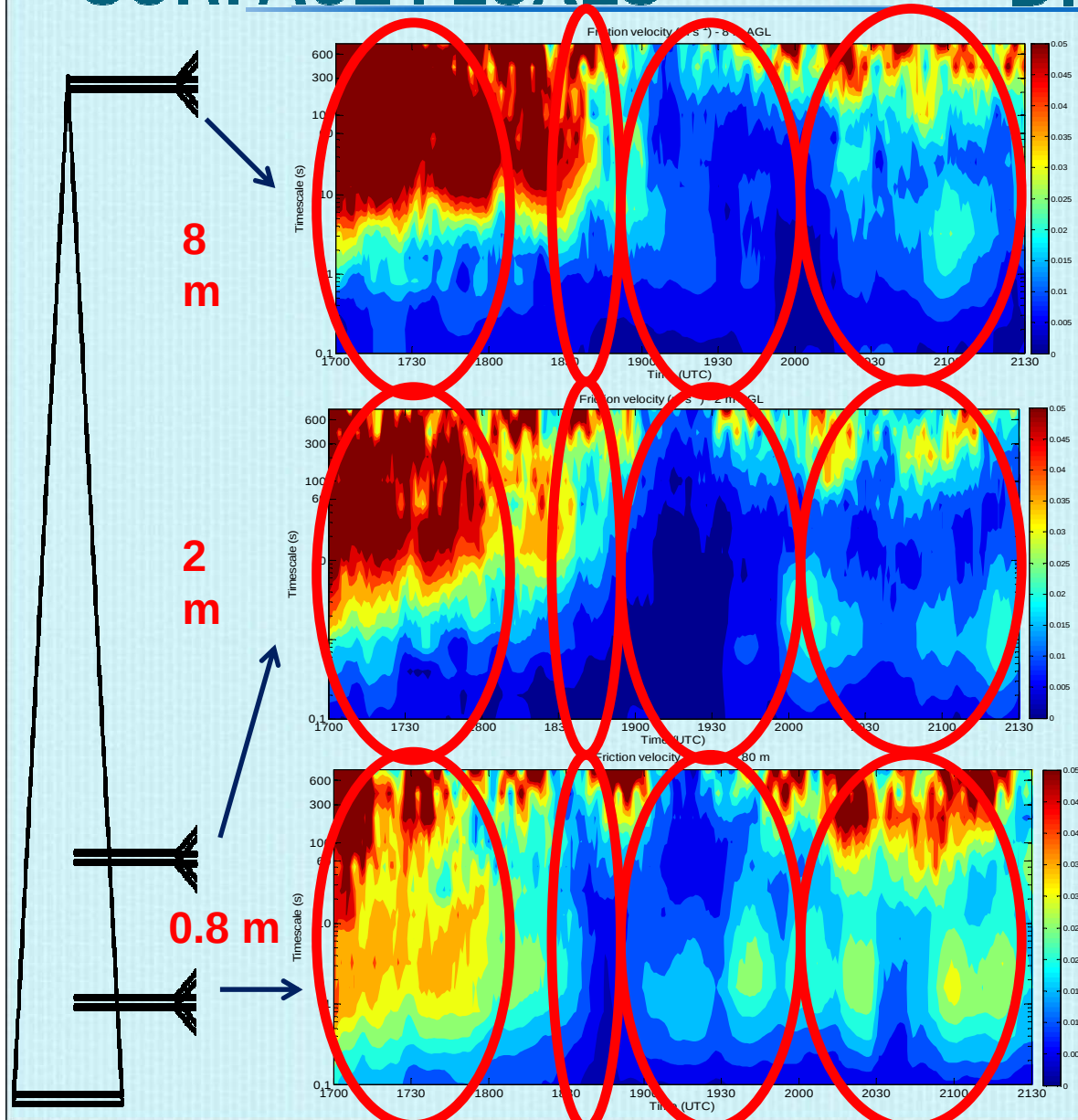
VERTICAL PROFILE



SURFACE FLUXES

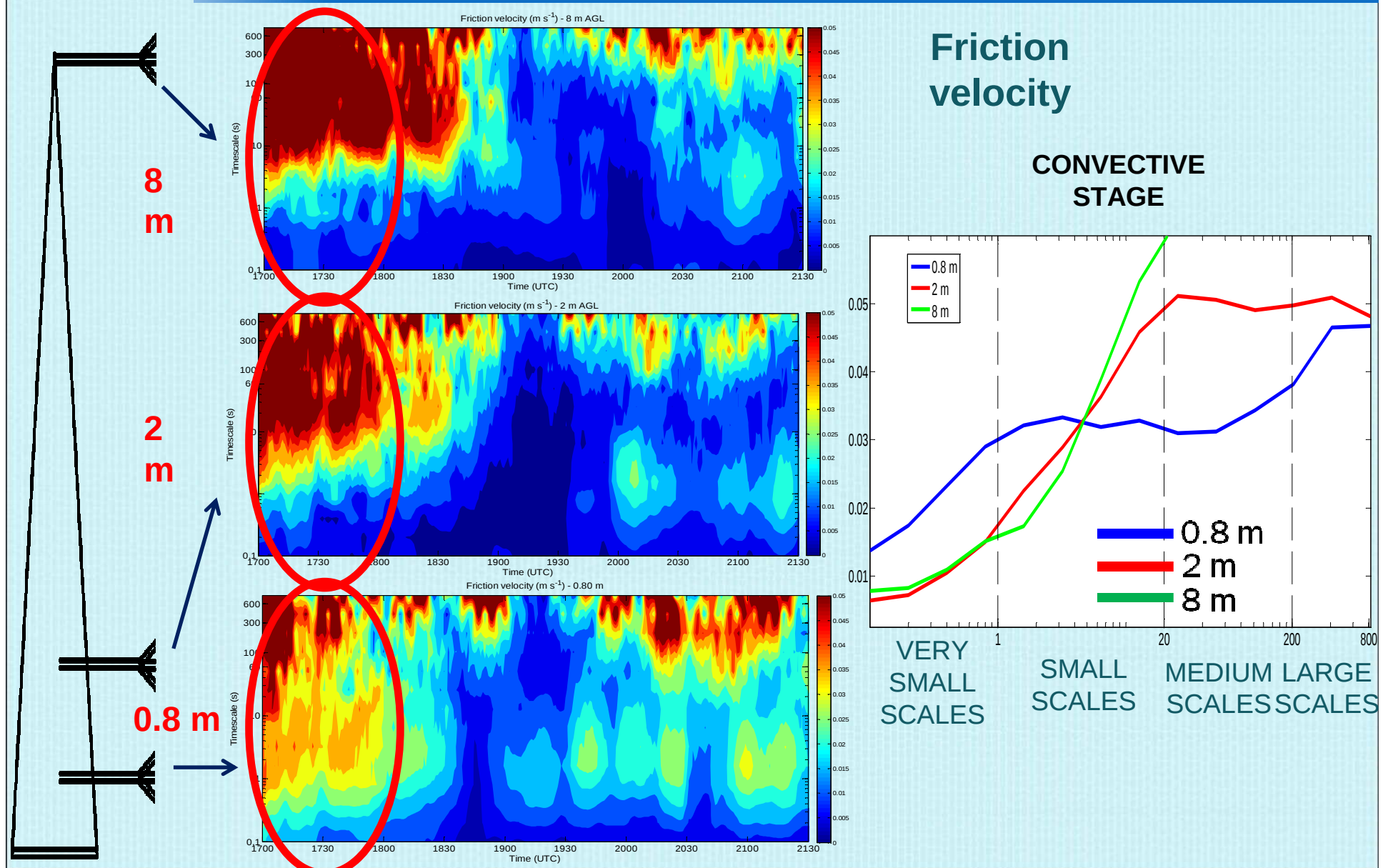
DIFFERENT HEIGHTS

Friction velocity



SURFACE FLUXES

DIFFERENT HEIGHTS

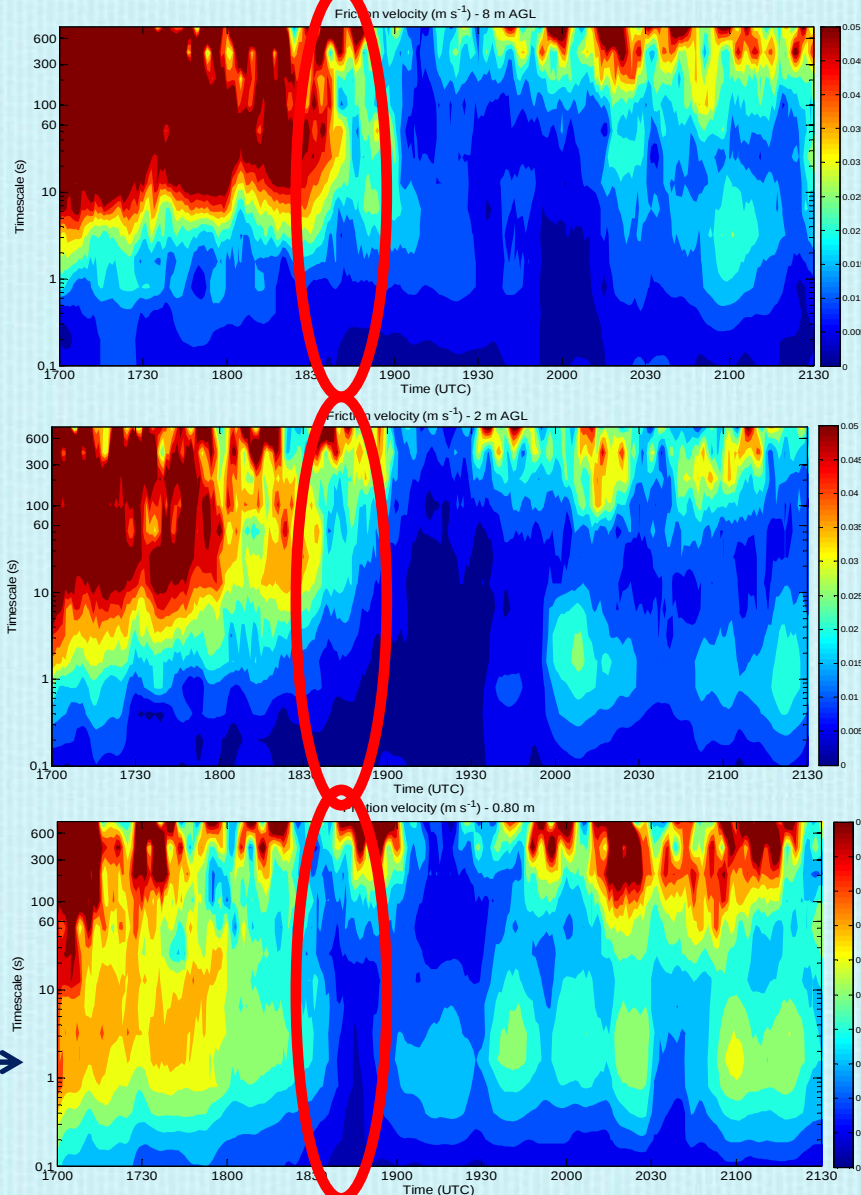
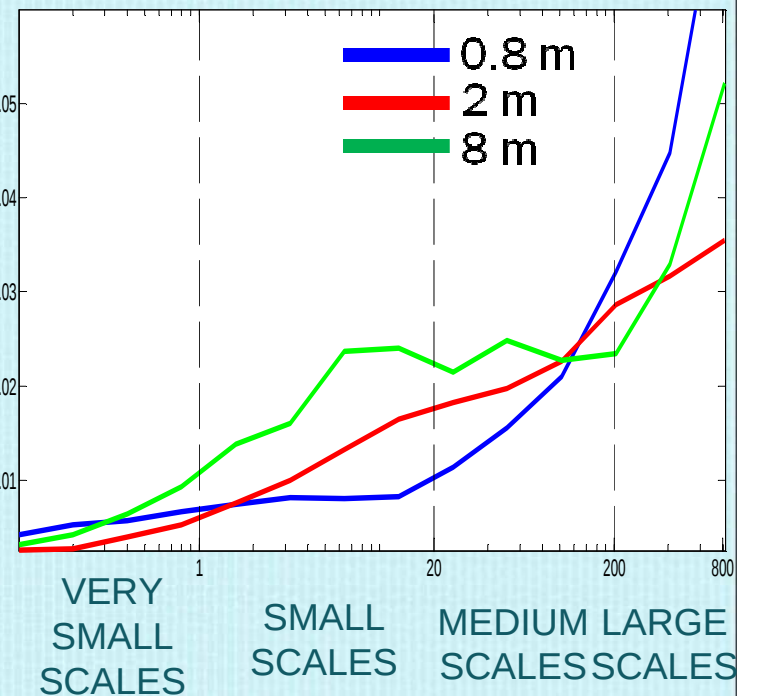


SURFACE FLUXES

DIFFERENT HEIGHTS

Friction velocity

NEAR-CALM
STAGE



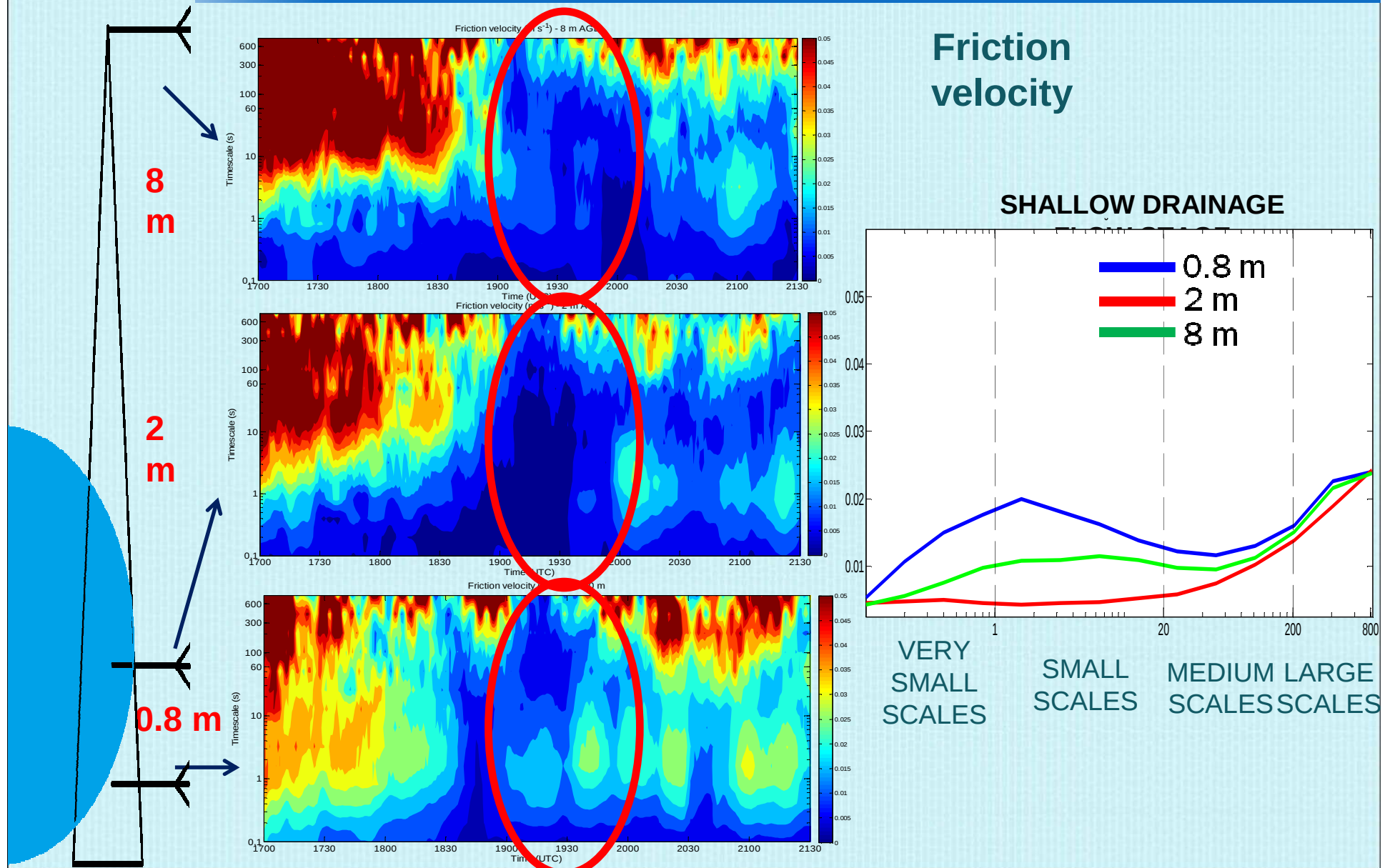
8 m

2 m

0.8 m

SURFACE FLUXES

DIFFERENT HEIGHTS



SURFACE FLUXES

DIFFERENT HEIGHTS

Friction velocity

KATABATIC STAGE

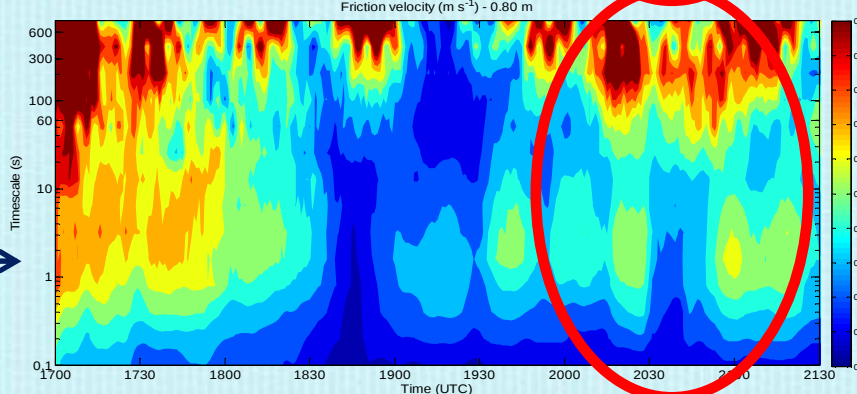
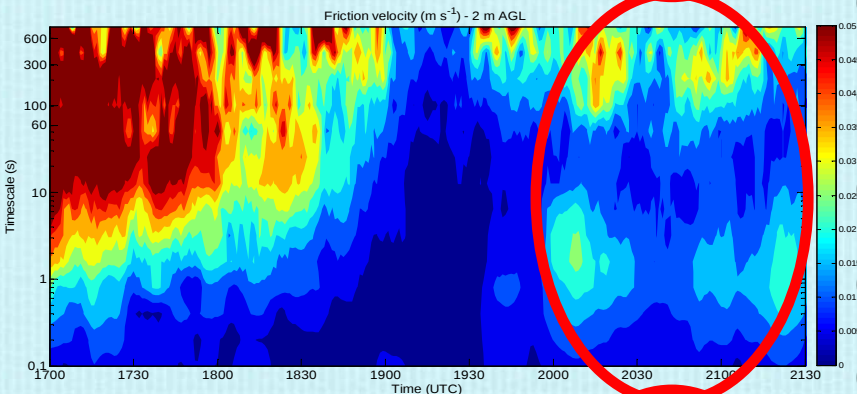
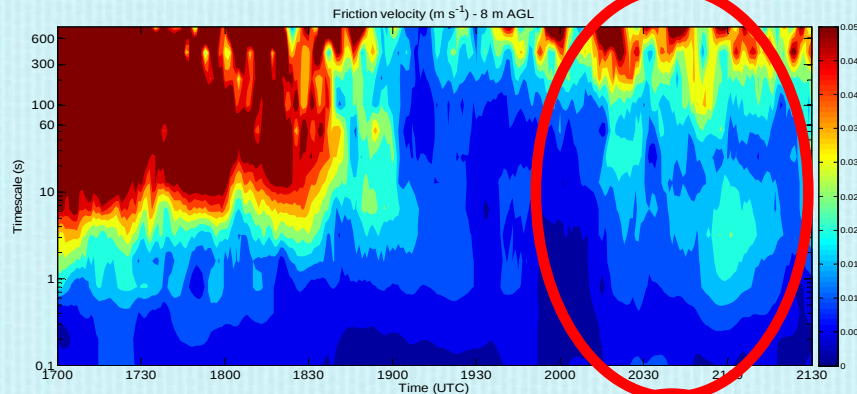
0.8 m
2 m
8 m

VERY SMALL SCALES SMALL SCALES MEDIUM SCALES LARGE SCALES

8 m

2 m

0.8 m



CONCLUSIONS

2ND JULY (IOP 10)

- × SDF
 - Wind maximum at 2-3 m agl
 - Very local (not at all places)
 - Due to small slopes
- × KATABATIC
 - Wind maximum at 80 m agl (from WRF)
 - Observed everywhere at the campaign (canalized in valleys)
 - Due to Pyrenees scale
- × GRAVITY WAVES
 - Clear oscillations in P. Related with oscillation in T, ws, v
 - Propagation in SBL and in the horizontal (everywhere)
 - Due to wind shear &/or terrain effect
- × SFC FLUXES
 - Different scales involved in turbulence depending the stage
 - Minimum in turbulence in wind maximum in SDF
 - Contribution of waves (are they contributing to turbulence??)

MORE...

2ND JULY (IOP 10)

× HEAT FLUX ANALYSIS (MRFD)

- More difficult to analyse
- Changes in T profile due to these phenomena
- Counter-gradient fluxes discussion.....

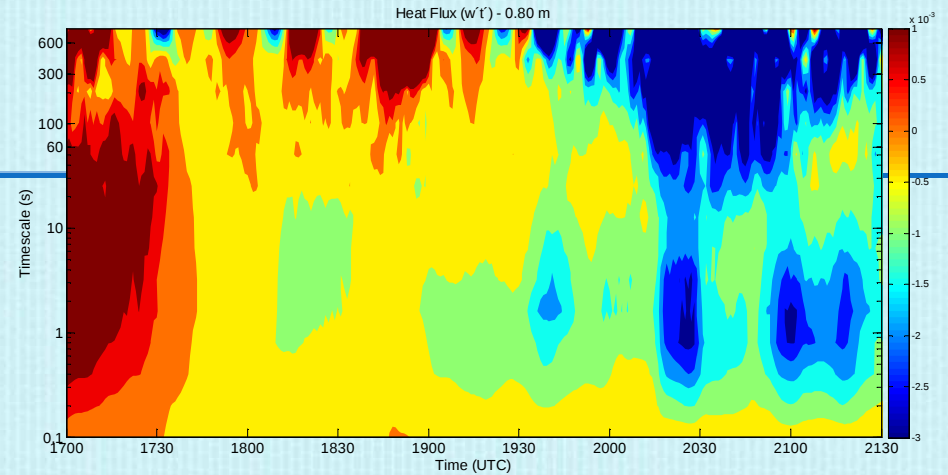
× FLUXES AT DIFFERENT SITES

- EDGE SITE
- Grass - Border - Wheat
- Important effect of the border (creating turbulence during SDF)

ADDITIONAL SLIDES

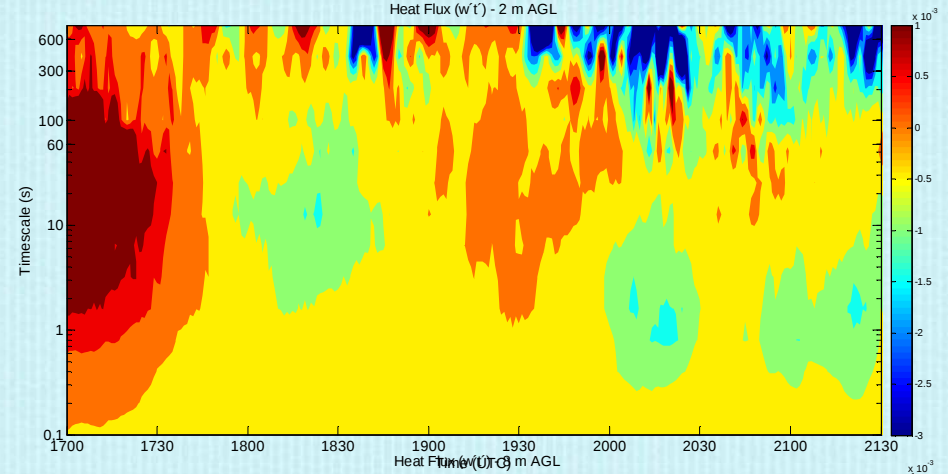
MRFD HEAT FLUX

0.8 m

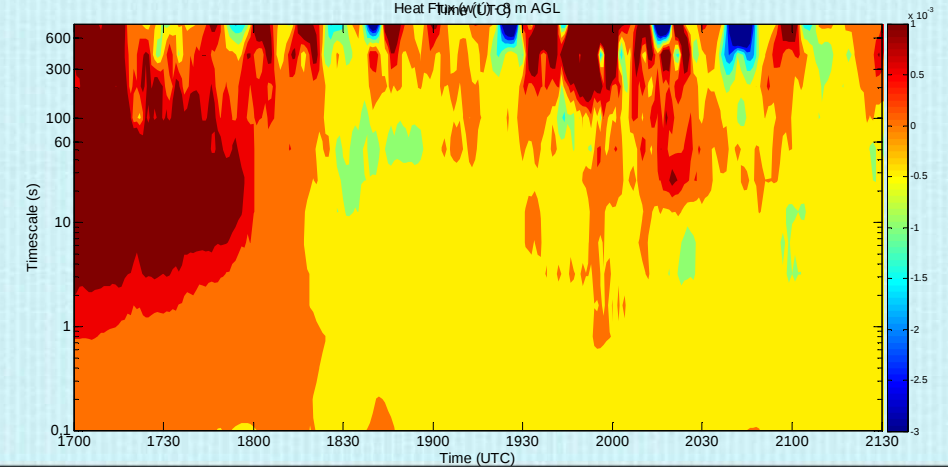


0.8; 2 and 8m at the
DIVERGENCE SITE

2 m



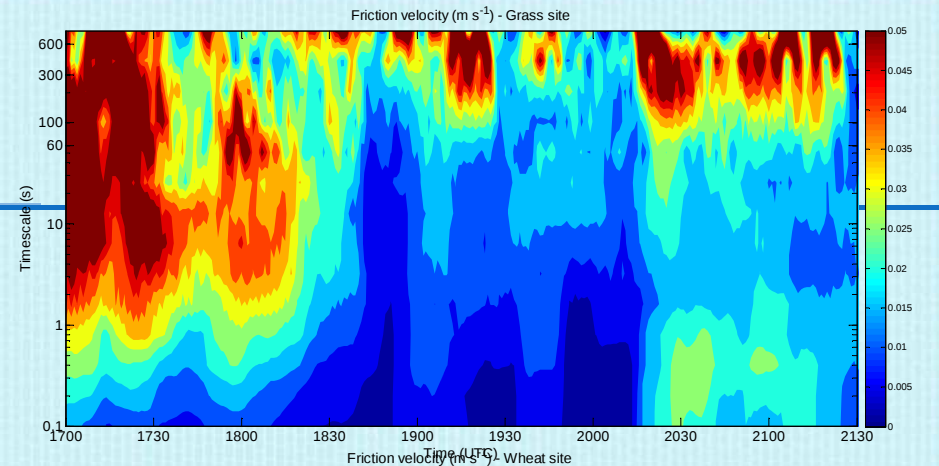
8 m



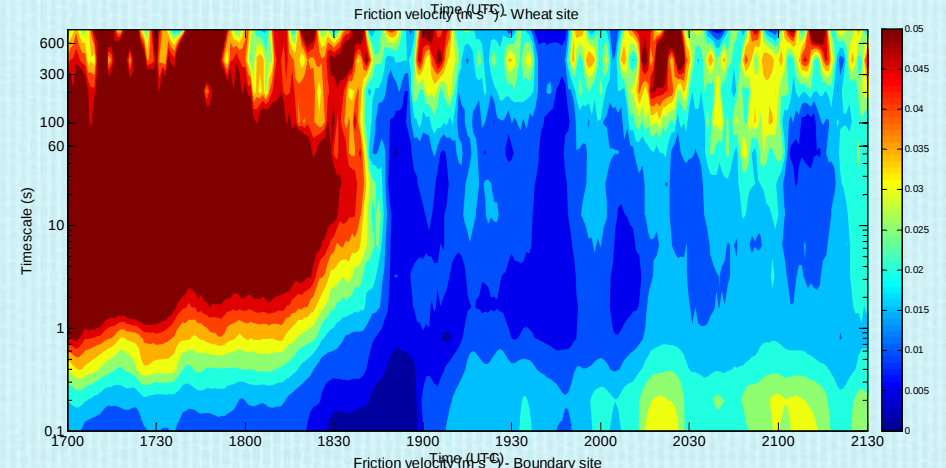
Secondary slide

EDGE SITE (MRFD U^*)

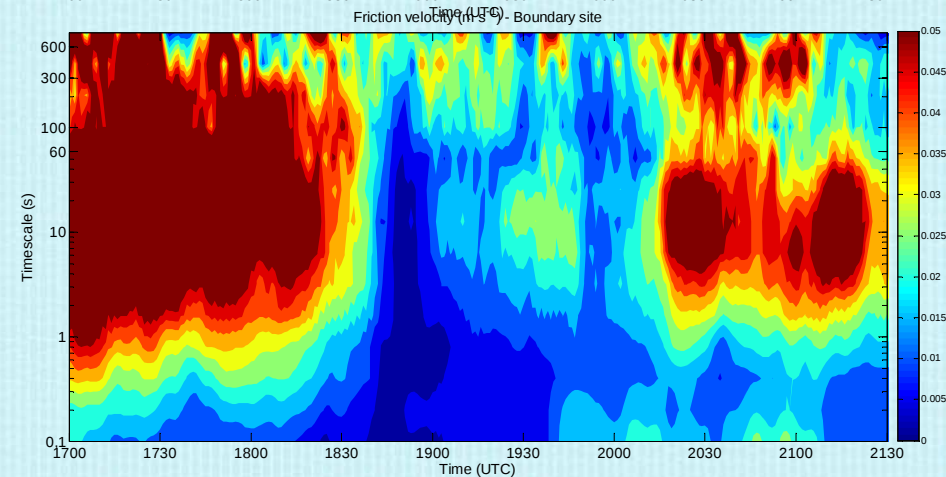
Grass



Wheat



Border

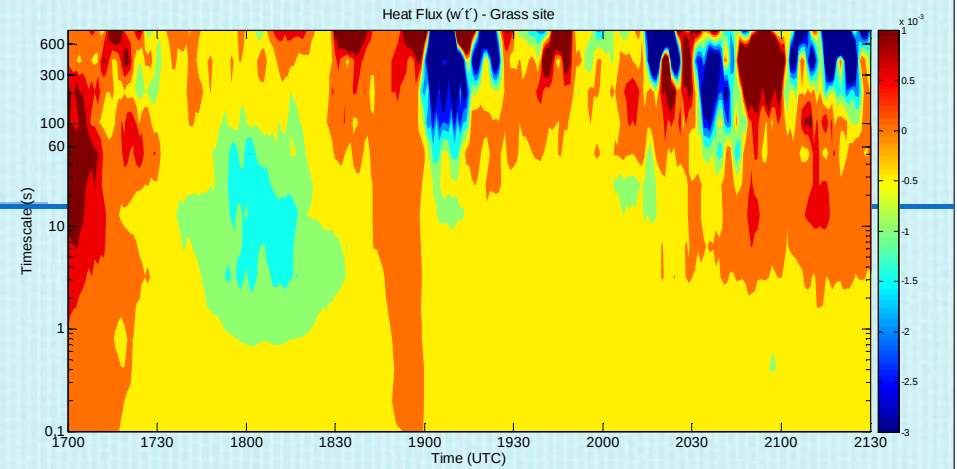


Grass, wheat and
Border at the EDGE
AREA

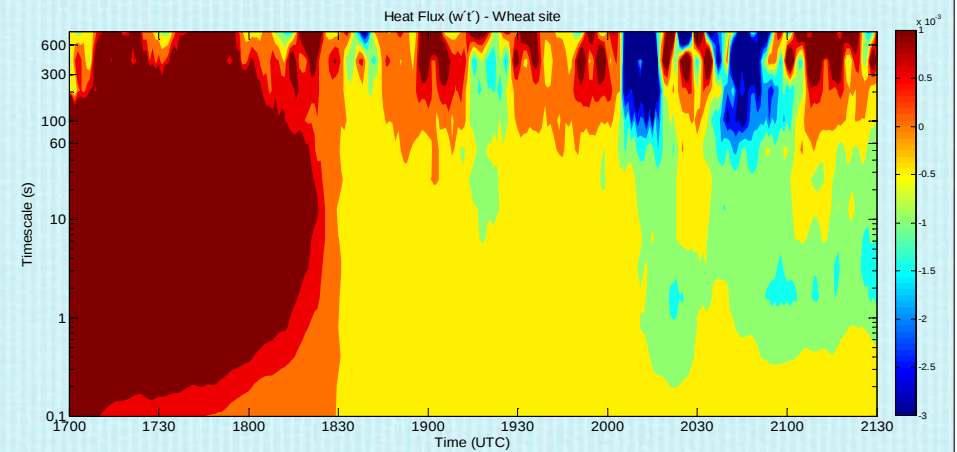
Secondary slide

EDGE SITE (MRFD HEAT FLUX)

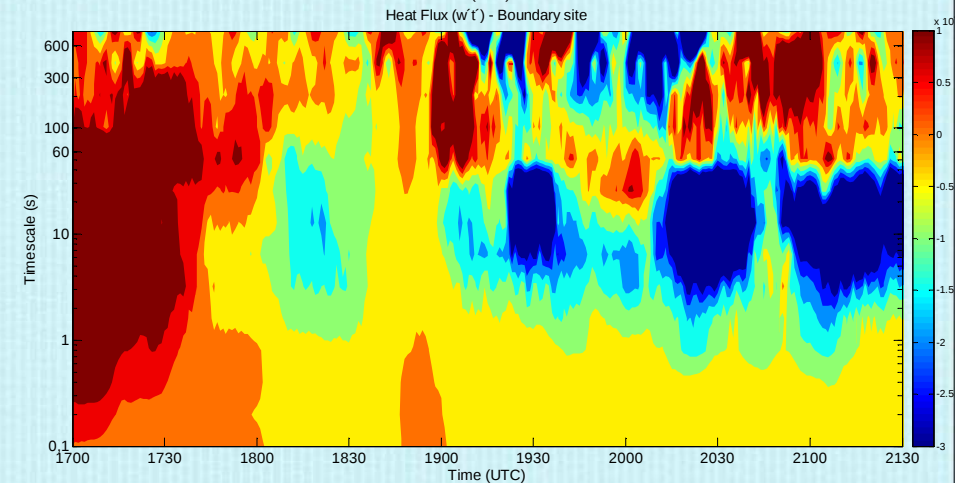
Grass



Wheat



Border



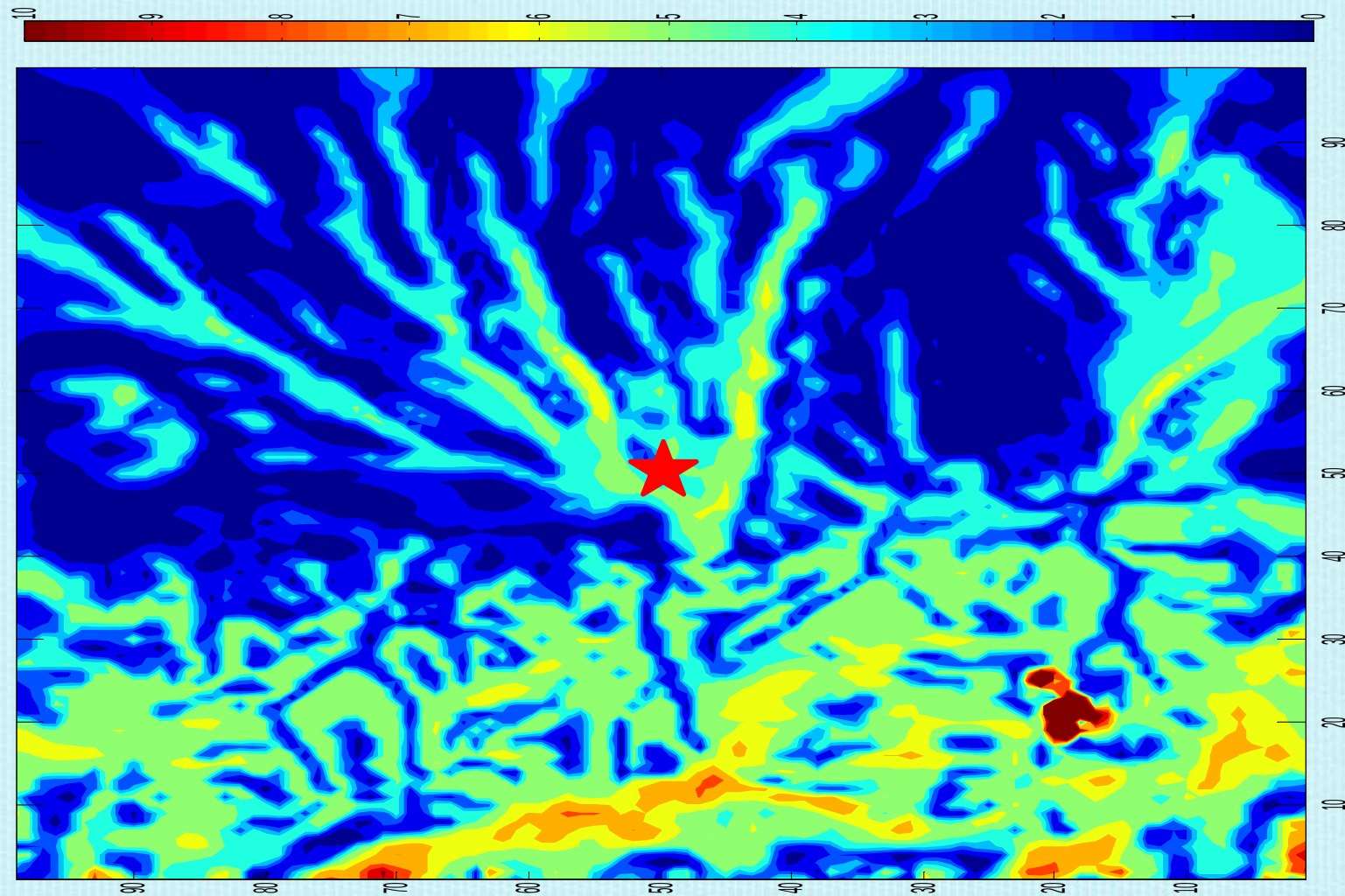
Grass, wheat and
Border at the EDGE
AREA

Secondary slide

THANKS!

carlosromancascon@uc

WIND FROM WRF



Secondary slide

WRF CONFIGURATION

- × 3 two-way nested domains (9, 3, 1 km)
- × 50 vertical levels, NCEP data (1°)
- × PBL → YSU
- × SFC → MM5 sim.
- × L-S → Noah (USGS)
- × MP → WRF SM3-class
- × SW & LW → Dudhia & RRTM